

FACULTY OF SCIENCES

SYLLABUS FOR THE BATCH FROM THE YEAR 2023 TO YEAR 2025

Programme Code: MPH

Programme Name: M.Sc. Physics (Under the Honours Scheme)
(Semester I-IV)

Examinations: 2024-25



Department of Physics

Khalsa College, Amritsar

(An Autonomous College)

Note: (a) Copy rights are reserved. Nobody is allowed to print it in any form.
(b) Subject to change in the syllabi at any time.
(c) Please visit the college website time to time.

| S.No. | PROGRAMME OBJECTIVES |
|-------|---|
| 1. | To prepare students to take up challenges as globally competitive physicists/ researchers in diverse areas of theoretical and experimental physics. |
| 2. | To impart quality education in physics to students through well designed courses of fundamental interest and of technological importance. |
| 3. | To develop abilities and skills that encourages research and development activities and is useful in everyday life. |
| 4. | To make the students technically and analytically skilled. |
| 5. | To provide opportunity of pursuing high end research as project work. |
| 6. | To prepare them to take up higher studies of interdisciplinary nature. |

| S.No. | PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOs) |
|-------|--|
| PSO-1 | To train students in such a way that they can objectively carry out investigations, scientific and/or otherwise, without being biased or without having any preconceived notions. |
| PSO-2 | As technology exploits the rules of Physics, students properly trained in Physics can be good researchers in the field of technology too. |
| PSO-3 | To understand the basic concepts of physics particularly concepts in classical mechanics, quantum mechanics, electrodynamics and electronics to appreciate how diverse phenomena observed in nature follow from a small set of fundamental laws. |
| PSO-4 | To apply advanced theoretical and/or experimental methods, including the use of numerical methods and simulations. |
| PSO-5 | To get some research oriented experience by doing theoretical and experimental projects in the last semester under the supervision of faculty. |
| PSO-6 | Students may get opportunities in higher education, research organizations, radiology and radiation oncology. Students can start their career in BARC, DRDO, IPR, ONGC etc. |

ELIGIBILITY:

The candidate having passed B.Sc. (Hons.) Physics Degree (10+2+3) system of education with at least 50% marks from Guru Nanak Dev University or any other equivalent examination from UGC recognized University/college.

COURSE DURATION:

The duration of the course is two years.

COURSE SCHEME

SEMESTER-I

| Course Code | Course Title | Teaching Hours/ Week | Credits | | | Total Credits | Max. Marks | | | | Page No. | Syllabus Changed/ Same as 2023-24 |
|-------------|------------------------|----------------------|---------|---|---|---------------|------------|----|----|-------------|----------|-----------------------------------|
| | | | L | T | P | | Th | P | IA | Total Marks | | |
| MHP-411 | Electronics | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 75 | | 25 | 100 | 5-6 | Same as 2023-24 |
| MHP-412 | Mathematical Physics | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 75 | | 25 | 100 | 7-8 | Same as 2023-24 |
| MHP-413 | Classical Mechanics | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 75 | | 25 | 100 | 9-10 | Same as 2023-24 |
| MHP-414 | Computational Physics | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 75 | | 25 | 100 | 11-12 | Same as 2023-24 |
| MHP-415 | Electronics Lab | 6 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | | 75 | 25 | 100 | 13-14 | Same as 2023-24 |
| MHP-416 | Computer Lab | 6 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | | 75 | 25 | 100 | 15-16 | Same as 2023-24 |
| MHP-417 | Research Methodology-I | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 37 | 0 | 13 | 50 | 17-18 | New Course |
| | | | | | | 24 | | | | 650 | | |

SEMESTER-II

| Course Code | Course Title | Teaching Hours/ Week | Credits | | | Total Credits | Max. Marks | | | | Page No. | Syllabus Changed/ Same as 2023-24 |
|-------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|---------|---|---|---------------|------------|----|----|-------------|----------|-----------------------------------|
| | | | L | T | P | | Th | P | IA | Total Marks | | |
| MHP-421 | Quantum Mechanics-I | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 75 | | 25 | 100 | 19-20 | Same as 2023-24 |
| MHP-422 | Electrodynamics-I | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 75 | | 25 | 100 | 21-22 | Same as 2023-24 |
| MHP-423 | Condensed Matter Physics-I | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 75 | | 25 | 100 | 23-24 | Same as 2023-24 |
| MHP-424 | Atomic & Molecular Spectroscopy | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 75 | | 25 | 100 | 25-26 | Same as 2023-24 |
| MHP-425 | Condensed Matter Lab-I | 6 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | | 75 | 25 | 100 | 27-28 | Same as 2023-24 |
| MHP-426 | Spectroscopy Lab | 6 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | | 75 | 25 | 100 | 29-30 | Same as 2023-24 |
| MHP-427 | Research Methodology-II | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 37 | 0 | 13 | 50 | 31-32 | New Course |
| | | | | | | 24 | | | | 650 | | |

SEMESTER-III

| Course Code | Course Title | Teaching Hours/ Week | Credits | | | Total Credits | Max. Marks | | | | Page No. | Syllabus Changed/ Same as 2023-24 |
|-------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|----------|----------|----------|---------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| | | | L | T | P | | Th | P | IA | Total Marks | | |
| MHP-531 | Quantum Mechanics-II | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 75 | | 25 | 100 | 33-34 | Same as 2023-24 |
| MHP-532 | Electrodynamics-II | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 75 | | 25 | 100 | 35-36 | Changed |
| MHP-533 | Condensed Matter Physics-II | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 75 | | 25 | 100 | 37-38 | Same as 2023-24 |
| MHP-534 | Nuclear Physics | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 75 | | 25 | 100 | 39-40 | Changed |
| MHP-535 | Condensed Matter Lab-II | 6 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | | 75 | 25 | 100 | 41-42 | Same as 2023-24 |
| MHP-536 | Nuclear Physics Lab | 6 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | | 75 | 25 | 100 | 43-44 | Same as 2023-24 |
| MHP-537 | Matlab & Latex LAB | 4 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | | 37 | 13 | 50 | 45-46 | New Course |
| | | | | | | 24 | | | | 650 | | |

SEMESTER-IV

| Course Code | Course Title | Teaching Hours/ Week | Credits | | | Total Credits | Max. Marks | | | | Page No. | Syllabus Changed/ Same as 2023-24 |
|---|--------------------------------|----------------------|---------|---|---|---------------|------------|----|----|-------------|----------|-----------------------------------|
| | | | L | T | P | | Th | P | IA | Total Marks | | |
| MHP-541 | Particle Physics | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 75 | | 25 | 100 | 47-48 | Same as 2023-24 |
| MHP-542 | Statistical Physics | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 75 | | 25 | 100 | 49-50 | Same as 2023-24 |
| MHP-543 | Dissertation | 8 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 75 | | 25 | 100 | 51 | Same as 2023-24 |
| And any TWO of the following papers (MHP-544 to MHP-549 & MHP-551) to the availability of teacher: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MHP-544 | Physics of Material | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 75 | | 25 | 100 | 52-53 | Same as 2023-24 |
| MHP-545 | Radiation Physics | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 75 | | 25 | 100 | 54-55 | Same as 2023-24 |
| MHP-546 | Reactor Physics | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 75 | | 25 | 100 | 56-57 | Same as 2023-24 |
| MHP-547 | Plasma Physics | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 75 | | 25 | 100 | 58-59 | Same as 2023-24 |
| MHP-548 | Geophysics | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 75 | | 25 | 100 | 60-61 | Same as 2023-24 |
| MHP-549 | Nano Technology | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 75 | | 25 | 100 | 62-63 | Same as 2023-24 |
| MHP-550 | Advanced Practical | 6 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | | 56 | 19 | 75 | 64 | Same as 2023-24 |
| MHP-551 | Astrophysics and Space Science | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 75 | | 25 | 100 | 65-66 | New Course |
| | | | | | | 23 | | | | 575 | | |

***The topic of dissertation will be allotted to the student in the start of 3rd semester. The student will have to prepare a dissertation and will be evaluated by the external & internal examiners.**

M.Sc. Physics (Under the Honours Scheme) Semester-I
MHP-411
ELECTRONICS

Teaching Hours (per week): 4

Total Credits: 4

Credits LTP: 310

Total Hours: 60

Max. Marks: 100

(Theory Marks: 75+ Internal Assessment: 25)

Time: 3 Hrs.

Instructions for paper setter and students:

1. There will be five sections.
2. Section A is compulsory and will be of 15 marks consisting of 8 short answer type questions carrying 2.5 mark each covering the whole syllabus. The answer should not exceed 50 words. The candidate will have to attempt any six questions in this section.
3. Sections B, C, D and E will be set from units I, II, III & IV respectively and will consist of two questions of 15 marks each from the respective unit. The candidates are required to attempt one question from each of these sections. Each question in these sections should not have more than two subparts.

Non-Programmable Scientific calculator is allowed.

Course Objectives: The objective of this course is to impart knowledge about a variety of electronic devices, their structure and the underlying physical principles, understand the basics of Digital Electronics, design and construction of the basic and universal logic gates, study and construction of sequential logic circuits, understanding various designs of flip flops, shift registers, counters and various memory devices.

Course Contents:

UNIT-I

Electronic Devices: Semiconductor Materials: Energy Bands, Intrinsic carrier concentration. Donors and Acceptors, Direct and Indirect band semiconductors, MOSFETs: Types of MOSFETs, Circuit operation of Depletion type and Enhancement type MOSFETs, Uni junction transistor (UJT), four layer (PNPN) devices, construction and working of PNPN diode, Semiconductor controlled rectifier (SCR) and Thyristor. Structure and working of DIAC and TRIAC, Gunn diode, Gunn Effect, two valley model.

Hours 15

UNIT-II

Electronic Circuits: Multivibrators (Bistable Monostable and Astable), Differential amplifier, Operational amplifier (OP-AMP) Ideal, Internal circuit & Practical, Parameters of OP-AMP due to mismatch of transistors, Input Bias Current, Open loop Op-AMP, Difference and Common mode gain, Common Mode Rejection Ratio, Output voltage from OP-AMP, OP-AMP with negative feedback. OP-AMP as inverting and non-inverting, instrumentation amplifier, summer, integrator, differentiator, logarithmic amplifier.

Hours 15

UNIT-III

Digital Principles: Binary and Hexadecimal number system, Binary arithmetic, The transistor as a switch, OR, AND and NOT gates, NOR and NAND gates, Boolean algebra, Demorgan's theorems, Exclusive OR gate, Boolean equation of logic circuits, Karnaugh map simplifications for digital circuit analysis, and design, Encoders & Decoders, Multiplexers and Demultiplexers, Parity generators and checkers, Adder-Subtractor circuits.

Hours 15

UNIT-IV

Sequential Circuits: The RS Flip – Flop, D Flip - Flop, JK Flip-Flop, JK Master Slave Flip - Flop, T Flip - Flop, Shift Register and its types, Up/Down counters, Basics of semiconductor memories: ROM, PROM, EPROM, and RAM, D/A conversion using binary weighted resistor network, Ladder, D/A converter, A/D converter using counter, Successive approximation A/D converter.

Hours 15

Books Prescribed:

1. Electronic Devices and Circuits- Millman and Halkias-Tata McGraw Hill, 1983.
2. Solid State Electronic Devices - Ben G Streetman-Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 1995.
3. Digital Principles and Applications- A.P.Malvino and D.P.Leach-Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 1986.
4. Digital Computer Electronics- A P Malvino-Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 1986
5. Microelectronics – Millman-Tata McGraw Hill, London, 1979.
6. Digital Electronics - W.H. Gothmann-Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 1975.
7. Microwave Devices and Circuits-Samuel Y Liao-PHI,1991
8. Principles of Electronics-V.K. Mehta, Rohit Mehta-S. Chand Publications.

Course Outcomes:

| Sr. No. | On completing the course, the students will be able to: |
|---------|---|
| CO1 | Use techniques for analyzing analogue and digital electronic circuits |
| CO2 | Formulate the concepts of operational amplifier and learn about basic operational amplifier characteristics, OPAMP parameters, applications as inverter, integrator, differentiator etc |
| CO3 | Identify the major properties, types and applications of MOSFET, UJT, SCR and Multivibrators. |
| CO4 | Learn digital electronics basics using logic gates and working of major digital devices like flip flops, Registers etc. |
| CO5 | Learn about Karnaugh maps, semiconductor memories and counters in detail. |

M.Sc. Physics (Under the Honours Scheme) Semester-I
MHP-412
MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS

Teaching Hours (per week): 4

Total Credits: 4

Credits LTP: 310

Total Hours: 60

Max. Marks: 100

(Theory Marks: 75+ Internal Assessment: 25)

Time: 3 Hrs.

Instructions for paper setter and students:

1. There will be five sections.
2. Section A is compulsory and will be of 15 marks consisting of 8 short answer type questions carrying 2.5 mark each covering the whole syllabus. The answer should not exceed 50 words. The candidate will have to attempt any six questions in this section.
3. Sections B, C, D and E will be set from units I, II, III & IV respectively and will consist of two questions of 15 marks each from the respective unit. The candidates are required to attempt one question from each of these sections. Each question in these sections should not have more than two subparts.

Non-Programmable Scientific calculator is allowed.

Course Objectives: The objective of this course is to introduce the students to methods of mathematical physics and develop required mathematical skills to solve problems in quantum mechanics, electrodynamics and other fields of physics. It includes Fourier Series and transformations, Curvilinear coordinates, Basics of Tensors, Group Theory, Second order differential Equations, Special functions, Function of Complex variable and Calculus of residues etc.

Course Contents:

UNIT-I

Fourier Series: Dirichlet's Conditions, Coefficients of Fourier Series, Even & Odd Function, Half Range Series, Application of Fourier series: Full wave & Half wave rectifier, Square wave, Saw Tooth and Triangle wave. **Fourier transformations:** Fourier Integral Theorem, Fourier Sine & Cosine Integral, Fourier Complex Integral, Fourier Sine & Cosine transform, Convolution theorem, Properties of Fourier's Transform (Linearity theorem, Change of Scale, Shifting, and Modulation Theorem), Parseval's Identity for Fourier transforms.

Hours 15

UNIT-II

Coordinate Systems and Group Theory: Curvilinear coordinates, differential vector operators in curvilinear coordinates. Spherical and cylindrical coordinate systems. General coordinate transformation, Tensors: covariant, contravariant and mixed, Algebraic operations on tensors, Illustrative applications. Definition of a group, multiplication table, conjugate elements and classes of groups, direct product. Isomorphism, homeomorphism, permutation group. Definitions of the three dimensional rotation group and SU(2).

Hours 15

UNIT-III

Special functions & Frobenius Method: Gamma function: Transformation of Gamma Function, Beta Function Evaluation of beta Function, Relation between beta and Gamma Function, Duplicate Formula. Legendre polynomials, Rodrigues's Formula, Generating Function of Legendre's Polynomial, Orthogonality of Legendre's Polynomial, Recurrence Formulae of Legendre's. Bessel functions of the first and second kind, Generating functions for Bessel, Recurrence Formulae of Beta. Wronskian and second solution, Singular Points of Second Order Linear Differential equation, Frobenius method.

Hours 15

UNIT-IV

Complex Analysis: Analytic Function, Harmonic Function, The Cauchy-Reimann conditions, C-R equation in Polar Form, Cauchy integral theorem, Cauchy integral formula, Extension of Cauchy Theorem to multiple connected region, converse of Cauchy Theorem, Cauchy inequality, Taylor and Laurent series, singularities and residues. Cauchy residue theorem. Calculation of real integrals.

Hours 15

Books Prescribed:

1. Mathematical Methods for Physicists: George Arfken-New York Academy, 1970.
2. Advanced Mathematical Methods for Engg. and Science Students: George Stephenson and P.M. Radmore-Cambridge Uni Press, 1990.
3. Applied Mathematics for Engineers & Physicists: Pipes and Harvil

Course Outcomes:

| Sr. No. | On completing the course, the students will be able to: |
|---------|--|
| CO1 | Expand a function in a Fourier series. They will also be aware of the integral transforms and be able to use this to solve mathematical problems relevant to the physical sciences. |
| CO2 | Learn about Gradient, Divergence and Curl in orthogonal curvilinear coordinates. |
| CO3 | Solve ordinary second order differential equations which are important in the physical sciences. |
| CO4 | Have a good grasp of the basic elements of complex analysis, including the important integral theorems. They will be able to determine the residues of a complex function and use the residue theorem to compute certain types of integrals. |
| CO5 | Expand functions in Taylor's Series & Laurent Series. |

M.Sc. Physics (Under the Honours Scheme) Semester-I
MHP-413
CLASSICAL MECHANICS

Teaching Hours (per week): 4

Total Credits: 4

Credits LTP: 310

Total Hours: 60

Max. Marks: 100

(Theory Marks: 75+ Internal Assessment: 25)

Time: 3 Hrs.

Instructions for paper setter and students:

1. There will be five sections.
2. Section A is compulsory and will be of 15 marks consisting of 8 short answer type questions carrying 2.5 mark each covering the whole syllabus. The answer should not exceed 50 words. The candidate will have to attempt any six questions in this section.
3. Sections B, C, D and E will be set from units I, II, III & IV respectively and will consist of two questions of 15 marks each from the respective unit. The candidates are required to attempt one question from each of these sections. Each question in these sections should not have more than two subparts.

Non-Programmable Scientific calculator is allowed.

Course Objectives: The main course objective of this subject to understand the basic concepts of constraint and advanced problems involving the dynamic motion, Newton's laws of motion, differential equations have developed in terms of Lagrangian with different examples, central force problems by equations of motion and different Kepler Laws, rigid body by Euler equations of motion and conservation laws on basis of symmetries of classical physics, Canonical transformations, Hamilton equations, Poisson brackets in a comprehensive way.

Course Contents:

UNIT-I

Lagrangian Mechanics: Newton's laws of motion, mechanics of a system of particles, constraints, D' Alembert's principle and Lagrange equations of motion for Holonomic and Non-Holonomic constraints, Velocity dependent potentials and dissipation function, Some applications of Lagrangian formulation, Hamilton's principle, derivation of Lagrange equations from Hamilton's principle. Symmetry properties and conservation theorems.

Hours 15

UNIT-II

Central Force Problem: Two body central force problem and Lagrangian analysis, reduction to equivalent one body problem, the equation of motion and first integrals, the equivalent one dimensional problem, and classification of orbits. The differential equation for the orbit and integrable power-law potential. The Kepler problem and different Kepler laws, Scattering in a central force.

Hours 15

UNIT-III

Rigid Body Dynamics: The independent coordinates of a rigid body, orthogonal transformation, the Euler's angles, Euler's theorem on the motion of rigid body, finite and infinitesimal rotations, rate of change of a vector, angular momentum and kinetic energy about a point for a rigid body, the inertia tensor and moment of inertia, the eigen values of the inertia tensor and the principal axis transformation, Euler's equations of motion, torque free motion of a rigid body.

Hours 15

UNIT-IV

Canonical Transformations: Legendre transformation and Hamilton equations of motion, cyclic coordinates and conservation theorems, derivation of Hamilton's equations from a variational principle, the principle of least action. The equations of canonical transformation, examples of canonical transformations, Poisson brackets and their fundamental properties. Equations of motion, basic of infinitesimal canonical transformations and conservation theorems in the Poisson bracket formulation.

Hours 15

Books Prescribed:

1. **Classical Mechanics: H. Goldstein, C. Poole and J. Safko, Pearson Education Inc. New Delhi, 3rd Edition, 2004.**
2. **Mechanics : L.D. Landau-Pergamon Press, Oxford, 1982.**
3. **Classical Mechanics: Rana and Joag-Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2000.**

Course Outcomes:

| Sr. No. | On completing the course, the students will be able to: |
|----------------|--|
| CO1 | Understand the basic concepts of constraint and advanced problems involving the dynamic motion. |
| CO2 | Explain the Newton's laws of motion, differential equations have developed in terms of Lagrangian with different examples. |
| CO3 | Analyse the central force problems by equations of motion and different Kepler Laws. |
| CO4 | Understand the concept of rigid body by Euler equations of motion and conservation laws on basis of symmetries of classical physics. |
| CO5 | Explain the concepts of Canonical transformations, Hamilton equations, Poisson brackets in a comprehensive way. |

M.Sc. Physics (Under the Honours Scheme) Semester-I
MHP-414
COMPUTATIONAL PHYSICS

Teaching Hours (per week): 4

Total Credits: 4

Credits LTP: 310

Total Hours: 60

Max. Marks: 100

(Theory Marks: 75+ Internal Assessment: 25)

Time: 3 Hrs.

Instructions for paper setter and students:

1. There will be five sections.
2. Section A is compulsory and will be of 15 marks consisting of 8 short answer type questions carrying 2.5 mark each covering the whole syllabus. The answer should not exceed 50 words. The candidate will have to attempt any six questions in this section.
3. Sections B, C, D and E will be set from units I, II, III & IV respectively and will consist of two questions of 15 marks each from the respective unit. The candidates are required to attempt one question from each of these sections. Each question in these sections should not have more than two subparts.

Non-Programmable Scientific calculator is allowed.

Course Objectives: The main objective of the course is to make the student acquainted with major computational techniques like Newton forward and Backward interpolation, Lagrange's interpolation, Simpson rule, Weddle rule, Trapezoidal rule, Euler method, modified Euler's method, Runga Kutta method, Bisection method, Regula Falsi method, Newton Raphson's Method etc. for solving a broad range of complex problems related to the different fields of Physics. So the purpose of the course is to introduce the students to the main computational tools which permit to simulate and analyse the dynamic behaviour of wide range of physical problems in physics.

Course Contents:

UNIT-I

Programming (Fortran):

Flow chat symbol, higher level languages for computer, Representation of integers, reals, characters, constants and variables, arithmetic expressions and their evaluation using rules of hierarchy. Assignment statements, Logical constants, variables and expressions, control structures, sequencing alternation, arrays, Manipulating vectors and matrices, Function and Subroutines, I/O Statements & format specifications

Hours 15

UNIT-II

Interpolation:

Interpolation, Finite difference's: Forward differences, Backward differences and Divided Differences, Newton's formula for forward and backward interpolation, Divided differences, Symmetry of divided differences, Newton's general interpolation formula, Newton's divided interpolation formula, Lagrange's interpolation formula.

Hours 15

UNIT-III

Numerical Differentiation and Integration, Ordinary Differential Equation:

Numerical integration, A general quadrature formula for equidistant ordinates, Simpson 1/3rd rule, Estimation of truncation error in Simpson's 1/3rd rule, Simpson's 3/8rd rule Weddle and Trapezoidal rules, Estimation of truncation error in Trapezoidal rule, Monte- Carlo Method, Differentiating a Tabulated Function at equal intervals using Newton's forward differences and backward differences interpolating polynomial and unequal intervals using Newton's divided differences interpolating polynomial Euler's method, Modified Euler's method, Runge-Kutta second and fourth order Method.

Hours 15

UNIT-IV

Roots of Equation:

Types of Non-linear equations, Methods of finding solutions of Non-linear equations. Approximate values of roots, Bisection Method, Regula-Falsi Method, Newton-Raphson method, Concept of Synthetic Division, Synthetic division by quadratic factor, Bairstow method. Simultaneous Linear Algebraic Equations: Solution of Simultaneous Linear equations, Gauss elimination method, Gauss-Jordan method, Matrix inversion.

Hours 15

Books Prescribed:

1. Ram Kumar-Programming with Fortran-77 (Tata McGraw Hill), 1995.
2. R.S. Dhaliwal - Programming with Fortran-77 (Wiley-Eastern Ltd)
3. James Scarborough-Numerical Mathematical Analysis (Oxford and IBH), 1966.
4. S.D. Conte - Elementary Numerical Analysis (McGraw Hill), 1965.
5. John. H. Methews, Numerical Methods for Mathematics, Science and Engineering (Prentice Hall of India).

Course Outcomes:

| Sr. No. | On completing the course, the students will be able to: |
|---------|--|
| CO1 | Understand the basics of computers, their applications in solving common and scientific problems, scientific word processing and graphical analysis. |
| CO2 | Learn the basic terms like constants, variables, structures, arrays etc. used in Fortran programming language and will learn its application in Numerical analysis. |
| CO3 | Demonstrate the Newton's formula for forward and backward interpolation, divided differences, Newton's general and Lagrange's interpolation formula through Fortran programming. |
| CO4 | Solve numerical integration and differentiation with the help of different methods like Simpson, Weddle and Trape rules, Monte- Carlo Method, Euler's method, Modified Euler's method, Runge-Kutta Method etc. These concepts are used in solving the problems in various research fields. |
| CO5 | Find roots of equation with the help of Bisection Method, Regula-Falsi Method, Newton-Raphson method, Bairstow method etc. |

M.Sc. Physics (Under the Honours Scheme) Semester-I
MHP-415
ELECTRONICS LAB.

Teaching Hours (per week): 6

Total Credits: 3

Credits LTP:003

Max. Marks:100

Time: 3 Hrs.

(Practical Marks: 75+ Internal Assessment: 25)

Instructions for paper setter and students:

I. The distribution of marks is as follows: **Max. Marks: 75+25 (Internal Assessment)**

i) One experiment **30 Marks**

ii) Brief Theory **15 Marks**

iii) Viva–Voce **15 Marks**

iv) Record (Practical file) **15 Marks**

II. There will be one sessions of 3 hours duration. The paper will have one session and will consist of 8 experiments out of which an examinee will mark 6 experiments and one of these is to be allotted by the external examiner.

III. Number of candidates in a group for practical examination should not exceed 12.

IV. In a single group no experiment be allotted to more than three examinee in any group.

Course Objectives: The objective of this course is to know the characteristics of diodes and transistors, MOSFET, SCR, UJT, DIAC, TRIAC, Multivibrator, Op Amps. Design simple circuits and mini projects, know the benefits of feedback in amplifier and can use op amps. as scalar, summer, differentiator and integrator. Study, Compare and classify oscillators and multivibrators as free running, monostable and bistable. Logic gates, half adder and full adder. Students can examine the basic structure of logic gates and can use them in half adder and full adder. Arithmetic Logic Unit Students performs simple addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, and logic operations, such as OR and AND. The memory stores the program's instructions and data. The control unit fetches data and instructions from memory. DA convertor Students learn to convert the digital signal to analog signal using DA convertor.

Course Contents:

List of Experiments:

1. To Study the D C characteristics and applications of DIAC.
2. To study the D C characteristics and applications of SCR.
3. To study the D C characteristics and applications of TRIAC.
4. Investigation of the D C characteristics and applications of UJT.
5. Investigation of the D C characteristics of MOSFET.
6. Study of bi-stable, mono-stable and astable, multivibrators.
7. Study of Op-Amps and their applications such as an amplifier (inverting, non-inverting), scalar, summer, differentiator and integrator.

8. Study of logic gates using discrete elements and universal gates.
9. Study of encoder, decoder circuit.
10. Study of arithmetic logic unit (ALU) circuit.
11. Study of shift registers.
12. Study of half and full adder circuits.
13. Study of A/D and D/A circuits.
14. Study of pulse width and pulse position modulation.
15. Study of pulse width and pulse position demodulation.
16. Study of Demultiplexer Circuit.
17. Study of Parity Checker.
18. Study of 64-bit static RAM Circuit.

Course Outcomes:

| Sr. No. | On completing the course, the students will be able to: |
|---------|---|
| CO1 | Know the characteristics of diodes and transistors, design simple circuits and mini projects, know the benefits of feedback in amplifier and can use op amps as scalar, summer, differentiator and integrator. Study, compare and classify oscillators and multivibrators as free running, monostable and bistable. |
| CO2 | Examine the basic structure of logic gates and use them in half adder and full adder. |
| CO3 | Perform simple addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, and logic operations, such as OR and AND. The memory stores the program's instructions and data. The control unit fetches data and instructions from memory |
| CO4 | Learn to convert the digital signal to analog signal using DA convertor. |

M.Sc. Physics (Under the Honours Scheme) Semester-I
MHP-416
COMPUTER LAB.

Teaching Hours (per week): 6

Total Credits: 3

Credits LTP:003

Max. Marks:100

(Practical Marks: 75+ Internal Assessment: 25)

Time: 3 Hrs.

Instructions for paper setter and students:

I. The distribution of marks is as follows:

i) One experiment **30 Marks**

ii) Brief Theory **15 Marks**

iii) Viva–Voce **15 Marks**

iv) Record (Practical file) **15 Marks**

II. There will be one sessions of 3 hours duration. The paper will have one session and will consist of 8 experiments out of which an examinee will mark 6 experiments and one of these is to be allotted by the external examiner.

III. Number of candidates in a group for practical examination should not exceed 12.

IV. In a single group no experiment be allotted to more than three examinee in any group.

Course Objectives: The main objective of this course is to make the students aware about the basics of Fortran programming and to develop the required programming skills to solve numerical problems on differentiation and integration using different methods like Simpson, Trapezoidal rules, Euler's method, Modified Euler's method, Runge-Kutta Method etc. They are also able to find roots of equation with the help of Bisection Method, Regula-Falsi Method, Newton-Raphson method etc.

Course Contents:

List of Experiments:

1. Determination of Roots:

(a) Bisection Method

(b) Newton Raphson Method

(c) False position method

(d) Secant Method

2. Matrix Manipulation

(a) Matrix Multiplication

(b) Determinant

(c) Gauss Elimination

(d) Matrix Inversion

(e) Gauss Jordan

3. Integration

- (a) Trapezoidal rule
- (b) Simpson 1/3 and Simpson 3/8 rules
- (c) Simpson 1/3 and Simpson 3/8 rules with function
- (d) Gaussian Quadrature

4. Differential Equations

- (a) Euler's method
- (b) Modified Euler's method
- (c) RungeKutta second order Method
- (d) RungeKutta fourth order Method

5. Interpolation

- (a) Forward interpolation, Backward interpolation
- (b) Lagrange's interpolation

6. Applications

- (a) Chaotic Dynamics, logistic map
- (b) One dimensional Schrodinger Equation
- (c) Time period calculation for a potential
- (d) Luminous intensity of a perfectly black body vs. temperature

Books Prescribed:

1. Ram Kumar-Programming with Fortran-77 (Tata McGraw Hill), 1995.
2. R.S. Dhaliwal - Programming with Fortran-77 (Wiley-Eastern Ltd)

Course Outcomes:

| Sr. No. | On completing the course, the students will be able to: |
|---------|--|
| CO1 | Write programs in FORTRAN to solve numerical analysis programme. |
| CO2 | Write the Newton's formula for forward and backward interpolation, divided differences, Newton's general and Lagrange's interpolation formula through FORTRAN programming. |
| CO3 | Apply Fortran programming to analyze the numerical integration and differentiation with the help of different methods like Simpson, Trap rules, Euler's method, Modified Euler's method, Runge-Kutta Method etc. These concepts are used in solving the problems in various research fields. |
| CO4 | Find roots of equation with the help of Bisection Method, Regula-Falsi Method, Newton-Raphson method etc. and develop ability to write programmes in Fortran. |

M.Sc. Physics (Under the Honours Scheme) Semester-I
MHP -417

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY-I

Teaching Hours (per week): 2

Total Credits: 2

Credits LTP:200

Total Hours: 30

Max. Marks: 50

(Theory Marks: 37+ Internal Assessment: 13)

Time: 3 Hrs.

Instructions for paper setter and students:

1. There will be five sections.
2. Section A is compulsory and will be of 9 marks consisting of 8 short answer type questions carrying 1.5 mark each covering the whole syllabus. The answer should not exceed 50 words. The candidate will have to attempt any six questions in this section.
3. Sections B, C, D and E will be set from units I, II, III & IV respectively and will consist of two questions of 7 marks each from the respective unit. The candidates are required to attempt one question from each of these sections. Each question in these sections should not have more than two subparts.
4. Non-Programmable Scientific calculator is allowed.

Course Objectives: The objective of this course is to impart knowledge about the significance of research quality and not in quantity. The need, therefore, is for those concerned with research to pay due attention to designing and adhering to the appropriate methodology throughout for improving the quality of research.

Course Contents:

Unit-I

Research Methodology: An Introduction, Meaning of Research, Objectives of Research, Motivation in Research, Types of Research, Research Approaches, Significance of Research Research Methods versus Methodology, Research and Scientific Method, Importance of Knowing How Research is Done , Research Process ,Criteria of Good Research.

Hours 7.5

Unit-II

Defining the Research Problem, What is a Research Problem, Selecting the Problem, Necessity of Defining the Problem, Technique Involved in Defining a Problem, Meaning of Research Design Need for Research Design Research Methodology Features of a Good Design, Important Concepts Relating to Research Design, Different Research Designs.

Hours 7.5

Unit-III

Methods of Data Collection, Collection of Primary Data, Observation Method, Interview Method Collection of Data through Questionnaires, Collection of Data through Schedules, Difference between Questionnaires and Schedules, Some Other Methods of Data Collection, Collection of Secondary Data, Selection of Appropriate Method for Data Collection.

Hours 7.5

Unit-IV

Processing and Analysis of Data, Processing Operations, Some Problems in Processing, Elements/Types of Analysis, Statistics in Research, Measures of Central Tendency, Measures of Dispersion, Measures of Asymmetry (Skewness), Measures of Relationship, Simple Regression Analysis, Multiple Correlation and Regression , Partial Correlation.

Hours 7.5

References:

- 1) Research methodology (<http://www.newagepublishers.com/samplechapter/000896.pdf>)
- 2) Research Methodology C. R. Kothari, New Age International, New Delhi, 2004
- 3) Data reduction and error analysis for physical sciences by Philip R. Bevington and D. Keith Robinson

References:

- 1) Research methodology (<http://www.newagepublishers.com/samplechapter/000896.pdf>)

- 2) Research Methodology C. R. Kothari, New Age International, New Delhi, 2004
3) Data reduction and error analysis for physical sciences by Philip R. Bevington and D. Keith Robinson

| Sr. No. | On completing the course, the students will be able to: |
|----------------|--|
| CO1 | have information about the objectives of research. |
| CO2 | Learn the way to define or select the research problem |
| CO3 | Learn the various methods of data collection |
| CO4 | Learn the ways to process the analysis of data |

M.Sc. Physics (Under the Honours Scheme) Semester-II
MHP-421
QUANTUM MECHANICS – I

Teaching Hours (per week): 4

Total Credits: 4

Credits LTP: 310

Total Hours: 60

Max. Marks: 100

(Theory Marks: 75+ Internal Assessment: 25)

Time: 3 Hrs.

Instructions for paper setter and students:

1. There will be five sections.
2. Section A is compulsory and will be of 15 marks consisting of 8 short answer type questions carrying 2.5 mark each covering the whole syllabus. The answer should not exceed 50 words. The candidate will have to attempt any six questions in this section.
3. Sections B, C, D and E will be set from units I, II, III & IV respectively and will consist of two questions of 15 marks each from the respective unit. The candidates are required to attempt one question from each of these sections. Each question in these sections should not have more than two subparts.
4. Non-Programmable Scientific calculator is allowed.

Course Objectives: The main objective of this course is to make students aware about the basic formulations in quantum mechanics. To acquire mathematical skills require to develop theory of quantum mechanics. To develop understanding of postulates of quantum mechanics and to learn to apply them to solve some quantum mechanical systems. To offer systematic methodology for the application of Schrodinger equation to solve quantum mechanical systems. There are many different types of representations of state and operators that are very useful in studying the subject deeply. It teaches about various commutation and uncertainty relations. Students will be given knowledge about unitary transformations, Dirac delta function, matrix representation of operators and their applications. Main focus is on angular momentum operator and their representation in spherical coordinates. Addition of angular momenta is also taught.

Course Contents:

UNIT-I

Basic Formulation and quantum Kinematics: Stern Gerlach experiment as a tool to introduce quantum ideas, description of the experiment, sequential Stern Gerlach experiment, analogy of two level quantum system with polarisation states of light. Complex linear vector spaces, properties of ket space and bra space, inner/scalar product, operators and properties of operators. Hermitian adjoint, Projection operator, commutator algebra, compatible, incompatible observable, General Uncertainty relation between two operators Eigen kets of an observable, eigenkets as base kets, matrix representations of ket, bra and operators, Measurement of observable, and Change of basis and unitary transformations, transformation of ket, bra and operators, matrix representation of the eigen value problem eigen values and eigen vectors of an operator.

Hours 15

UNIT-II

Continuous spectra, position eigen kets and position measurement, translation, momentum as a generator of translations, canonical commutation relations. Wave functions in position space, Momentum operator in position representation, momentum space wave function. Matrix and wave mechanics, Time evolution operator, Schrodinger equation for time evolution operator, special role of the Hamiltonian operator, Energy eigenkets, time evolution of expectation values, spin precession

Hours 15

UNIT-III

Correlation amplitude and the energy time Uncertainty relation Schrodinger vs. Heisenberg picture, unitary operators, state kets and observable in Schrodinger and Heisenberg pictures, Heisenberg equations of motion, Base kets and transition amplitude, Simple harmonic oscillator, energy eigen states, energy, eigen kets, energy eigenstates in position space, matrix representation and expectation values of various harmonic oscillator operators, coherent states

Hours 15

UNIT-IV

Spherical Symmetric Systems and Angular momentum: Schrodinger equation for a spherically symmetric potential. Orbital angular momentum commutation relations. general formalism of angular momentum, eigen states and eigen values of the angular momentum operator, matrix representation of the angular momentum operator, Spin $\frac{1}{2}$ and the Pauli matrices, Addition of angular momentum and calculation of Clebsch-Gordan (C.G.) coefficients.

Hours 15

Books Prescribed:

1. Modern Quantum Mechanics: J.J. Sakurai-Pearson Education Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2002.
2. Quantum Mechanics :L I Schiff-Tokyo McGraw Hill, 1968.
3. Feynmann lectures in Physics Vol. III-Addison Wesley, 1975.
4. Quantum Mechanics :Powel and Craseman-Narosa Pub. New Delhi, 1961.
5. Quantum Mechanics :Merzbacher-John Wiley & Sons, New York, 1970.

| Sr. No. | On completing the course, the students will be able to: |
|---------|--|
| CO1 | Explain the basic formulation of Quantum mechanics developed by Dirac. |
| CO2 | Understand quantum dynamics of states using time evolution operator and various representations. |
| CO3 | Understand the analysis of harmonic oscillator using ladder operator, coherent states |
| CO4 | Understand the quantum mechanical analysis of spherical symmetric potential systems. |
| CO5 | Understand and use the concept of addition of angular momenta and evaluation of Clebsch Gordan coefficients. |

M.Sc. Physics (Under the Honours Scheme) Semester-II
MHP-422
ELECTRODYNAMICS-I

Teaching Hours (per week): 4

Total Credits: 4

Credits LTP: 310

Total Hours: 60

Max. Marks: 100

(Theory Marks: 75+ Internal Assessment: 25)

Time: 3 Hrs.

Instructions for paper setter and students:

1. There will be five sections.
2. Section A is compulsory and will be of 15 marks consisting of 8 short answer type questions carrying 2.5 mark each covering the whole syllabus. The answer should not exceed 50 words. The candidate will have to attempt any six questions in this section.
3. Sections B, C, D and E will be set from units I, II, III & IV respectively and will consist of two questions of 15 marks each from the respective unit. The candidates are required to attempt one question from each of these sections. Each question in these sections should not have more than two subparts.

Non-Programmable Scientific calculator is allowed.

Course Objectives: The main objective of this course to introduce students about the basic mathematical concepts related to electromagnetic vector fields. To impart knowledge on the concepts of electrostatics, electric potential, energy density and their applications, Magnetostatics, magnetic flux density, scalar and vector potential and its applications, Faraday's law, induced emf, Maxwell's equations and electromagnetic waves.

Course Contents:

UNIT-I

Electrostatics: Coulomb's law, Gauss's law, Poisson's equation, Laplace equation. Solution of boundary value problem: Green's function, method of images: A point charge near an infinite conducting Plane, A point charge in front of conducting sphere, Laplace equation, Uniqueness theorem. multipole expansion, Electrostatics of dielectric media, Gauss Law in dielectrics, Boundary value problems in dielectrics; molecular polarizability, Local or Polarizing Field in dielectric, Clausius-Mosotti Formula, electrostatic energy in dielectric media.

Hours15

UNIT-II

Magnetostatics: Biot and Savart's law. The differential equation of Magnetostatics and Ampere's law, vector potential and magnetic fields of a localised current distribution, Magnetic moment, force and torque on a magnetic dipole in an external field. Magnetic materials, Magnetisation and microscopic equations.

Hours15

UNIT-III

Time-varying fields: Time varying fields, Maxwell's equations, conservation laws, Self Induction, Mutual Inductance, Neumann Formula, Reciprocity Theorem, Faraday's law of induction, Energy in a magnetic field. Maxwell's displacement current, vector and scalar potential, Gauge transformations;

Lorentz gauge and Coulomb gauge. Poynting theorem, conservation laws for a system of charged particles and electromagnetic field, continuity equation.

Hours 15

UNIT-IV

Electromagnetic Waves: Boundary Conditions at surface of Discontinuity, Wave Equation in Conducting and Non Conducting Medium, Wave Propagation in Conducting Medium, Propagation Characteristics of EM waves in Conducting Medium (Attenuation Constant, Phase Shift Constant, Phase Velocity), Propagation Characteristics of EM waves in Dielectric Medium, Depth of Penetration, Polarisation, Linear Circular and Elliptical polarisation. Group velocity. Reflection and refraction of electromagnetic waves at a plane surface between dielectrics. Brewster's Law and Degree of Polarisation, total internal reflection. Simple model for conductivity.

Hours 15

Books Prescribed:

1. Classical Electrodynamics - J.D. Jackson-John & Wiley Sons Pvt. Ltd. New York, 2504.
2. Introduction to Electrodynamics - D.J. Griffiths-Pearson Education Ltd., New Delhi, 1991.
3. Classical Electromagnetic Radiation - J.B. Marion-Academic Press, New Delhi, 1995.

Course Outcomes:

| Sr. No. | On completing the course, the students will be able to: |
|----------------|---|
| CO1 | Understand basics of Electrostatic and Magnetostatics. |
| CO2 | Apply the principles of electrostatics to the solutions of problems relating to electric field and electric potential, boundary conditions and electric energy density. |
| CO3 | Understand conservation laws for a system of charged particles and electromagnetic field. |
| CO4 | Describe Maxwell equations and its physical consequences. |
| CO5 | Describe the nature of electromagnetic wave and its propagation through different media and interfaces. |

M.Sc. Physics (Under the Honours Scheme) Semester-II
MHP-423
CONDENSED MATTER PHYSICS-I

Teaching Hours (per week): 4

Total Credits: 4

Credits LTP: 310

Total Hours: 60

Max. Marks: 100

(Theory Marks: 75+ Internal Assessment: 25)

Time: 3 Hrs.

Instructions for paper setter and students:

1. There will be five sections.
2. Section A is compulsory and will be of 15 marks consisting of 8 short answer type questions carrying 2.5 mark each covering the whole syllabus. The answer should not exceed 50 words. The candidate will have to attempt any six questions in this section.
3. Sections B, C, D and E will be set from units I, II, III & IV respectively and will consist of two questions of 15 marks each from the respective unit. The candidates are required to attempt one question from each of these sections. Each question in these sections should not have more than two subparts.

Non-Programmable Scientific calculator is allowed.

Course Objectives: The main objective of this course to introduce about the basics of magnetic materials and their properties. Acquire knowledge of the behavior of Lattice Vibrations and phonons theory in crystals. To become familiar with the Superconductivity and Properties of superconductors using different theories. Familiar with defects in crystal etc.

Course Contents:

UNIT-I

Dia-Para and Ferromagnetism:

Classification of magnetic materials, the origin of permanent magnetic dipoles, diamagnetic susceptibility, classical theory of para magnetism, Quantum theory of paramagnetism, Quenching of orbital angular momentum, cooling by adiabatic demagnetization. Paramagnetic susceptibility of conduction electrons. Ferromagnetism, the Weiss molecular field, Heisenberg interpretation of the Weiss field, Exchange integral, Ferromagnetic domains, Domain Wall, Anisotropy Energy, Spin waves, quantization of spin waves, Thermal excitations of magnons. Antiferromagnetism, The two sub lattice model, super exchange interaction, the structure of ferrites, saturation magnetisation, Neel's theory of ferrimagnetism, Curie temperature and susceptibility of ferrimagnets.

Hours 15

UNIT-II

Superconductivity:

Superconductivity, zero resistivity, critical temperature, Effect of magnetic field, Meissner effect, Type I and Type II superconductors, isotope effect, specific heat and thermal conductivity, London Equations, Penetration depth, Coherence Length, BCS theory, Ginzburg-Landou theory, Josephson effect: dc Josephson effect, ac Josephson effect, high temperature superconductivity (elementary).

Hours 15

UNIT-III

Defects and Diffusion in Solids:

Point defects: Impurities, Vacancies- Schottky and Frankel vacancies, Color centers and coloration of crystals, F-centres, Line defects (dislocations), Edge and screw dislocations, Berger Vector, Planar (stacking) Faults, Grain boundaries, Low angle grain boundaries, the Hydration energy of ions, Ionic conductivity in pure alkali halides.

Hours 15

UNIT-IV

Lattice Vibrations and Phonons:

Vibrations of one dimensional linear monoatomic lattice, Normal modes of vibrations in a finite length of the lattice, The linear diatomic lattice, Excitation of optical branch in ionic crystals –the infra-red absorption, Quantization of lattice vibrations – concept of phonons, Phonon momentum, Inelastic scattering of photons by phonons, Specific heat of metals, The various theories of lattice specific heat of solids, Einstein model of the Lattice Specific heat, Successes and failures of Einstein model, Density of modes of vibration, Debye model of Lattice specific heat, Drawbacks of Debye model.

Hours 15

Books Prescribed:

1. An Introduction to Solid State Physics: C. Kittel-Wiely Estem Ltd., New Delhi, 1979.
2. Condensed Matter Physics, Vol I and II, T.S. Bhatia, Rajesh Khatri, Vishal Publishing House, Jalandhar, 2018.
3. Solid State Physics-A.J. Dekkar-Maemillan India Ltd., New Delhi, 2004.
4. Principles of Solid State Physics-R.A. Levy-New York Academy, 1968.
5. Introduction to Solids-Azaroff-Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 1992.
6. Elementary Solid State Physics-Omar, Addison Wesley, 1975.
7. Solid State Physics-Aschroft and Mermin-New York Holt, 1976

Course Outcomes:

| Sr. No. | On completing the course, the students will be able to: |
|---------|---|
| CO1 | Understand the basics of Magnetic properties of solids and able to explain diamagnetism, paramagnetic susceptibility and ferromagnetism on the basis of classical & quantum theory. |
| CO2 | Learn about the Superconductivity, properties of superconductors, Meissner effect, BCS Theory etc. |
| CO3 | Understand about the different types of defects in solids. |
| CO4 | Understand about the Lattice Vibrations and Phonons theory in crystals |

M.Sc. Physics (Under the Honours Scheme) Semester-II

MHP-424

ATOMIC AND MOLECULAR SPECTROSCOPY

Teaching Hours (per week): 4

Total Credits: 4

Credits LTP: 310

Total Hours: 60

Max. Marks: 100

(Theory Marks: 75+ Internal Assessment: 25)

Time: 3 Hrs.

Instructions for paper setter and students:

- 1. There will be five sections.**
- 2. Section A is compulsory and will be of 15 marks consisting of 8 short answer type questions carrying 2.5 mark each covering the whole syllabus. The answer should not exceed 50 words. The candidate will have to attempt any six questions in this section.**
- 3. Sections B, C, D and E will be set from units I, II, III & IV respectively and will consist of two questions of 15 marks each from the respective unit. The candidates are required to attempt one question from each of these sections. Each question in these sections should not have more than two subparts.**

Non-Programmable Scientific calculator is allowed.

Course Objectives: The purpose of the course is to study Atomic and Molecular Spectroscopy in detail and to develop required skills to solve problems of atomic spectra of one and two valance electron system and to understand microwave, IR, Raman and electronic spectroscopy. Determine structure of molecules, Fourier transform spectroscopy. It includes knowledge of interaction energies involving L-S and J-J interactions and selection rules governing transitions, effect of magnetic field on spectral lines and broadening of lines. molecular spectra pertaining to rotational and vibrational motion, analytical techniques and Frank-Condon principle etc.

Course Contents:

UNIT-I

Spectra of one and two valance electron systems:

Magnetic dipole moments, Larmor's theorem, Fine structure: basic facts and Sommerfeld theory Space quantization of orbital, spin and total angular momenta; Vector model for one and two valance electron atoms; Spin-orbit interaction and fine structure of hydrogen, Lamb shift, Spectroscopic terminology; Spectroscopic notations for L-S and J-J couplings; Spectra of alkali and alkaline earth metals; Interaction energy in L-S and J-J coupling for two electron systems; Selection and Intensity rules for doublets and triplets. Exchange symmetry of wave function and Pauli's exclusion principle.

Hours 15

UNIT-II

Effects of external fields:

Natural breadth of spectral line, Line broadening mechanism (Qualitative) Experimental study of Zeeman Effect, The Zeeman Effect for two valance electron systems, Intensity rules for the Zeeman effect, The calculations of Zeeman patterns, Paschen-Back effect for two valance electron system, Lande's factor in LS and JJ coupling, Transitions in Zeeman and Paschen-Back effect Stark effect.

Hours 15

UNIT-III

Microwave and Infra-Red Spectroscopy:

Types of molecules, Rotational spectra of diatomic molecules as a rigid and non-rigid rotator, Intensity of rotational lines, Effect of isotopic substitution, Microwave spectrum of polyatomic molecules, Microwave oven, The vibrating diatomic molecule as a simple harmonic and anharmonic oscillator, Diatomic vibrating rotator, The vibration-rotation spectrum of carbon monoxide, The interaction of rotation and vibrations, Outline of technique and instrumentation, Fourier transform spectroscopy. FTIR Spectrometer

Hours 15

UNIT-IV

Raman and Electronic Spectroscopy:

Quantum and classical theories of Raman Effect, Pure rotational Raman spectra for linear and polyatomic molecules, Vibrational Raman spectra, Structure determination from Raman and infra-red spectroscopy, Electronic structure of diatomic molecule, Electronic spectra of diatomic molecules, Born Oppenheimer approximation- The Franck-Condon principle, Dissociation and pre-dissociation energy, The Fortrat diagram, Raman Spectrometer, Electron spin resonance, Nuclear spin resonance

Hours 15

Books:

1. Introduction to Atomic Spectra: H.E. White-Auckland McGraw Hill, 1934
2. Fundamentals of Molecular spectroscopy: C.B. Banwell-Tata McGraw Hill, 1986.
3. Spectroscopy Vol. I, II & III: Walker & Straughen
4. Introduction to Molecular Spectroscopy: G.M. Barrow-Tokyo McGraw Hill, 1962.
5. Spectra of Diatomic Molecules: Herzberg-New York, 1944.
6. Molecular Spectroscopy: Jeanne L McHale-New Jersey Prentice Hall, 1999.
7. Molecular Spectroscopy: J.M. Brown-Oxford University Press, 1998.
8. Spectra of Atoms and Molecules: P.F. Bernath-New York, Oxford University Press,

Course Outcomes:

| Sr. No. | On completing the course, the students will be able to: |
|---------|--|
| CO1 | Understand the basic information about atomic spectra of one and two valence electrons, interaction energies involving L-S and J-J interactions and selection rules governing transitions. |
| CO2 | Understand the effect of magnetic field on spectral lines and broadening of lines. |
| CO3 | Explain the applications of molecular spectra pertaining to rotational and vibrational motion of different types of molecules |
| CO4 | Understand the Raman and electronic spectroscopy of diatomic molecules. |
| CO5 | Understand about intensity of spectral lines and the Frank-Condon principle. |

M.Sc. Physics (Under the Honours Scheme) Semester-II
MHP-425
CONDENSED MATTER PHYSICS LAB-I

Teaching Hours (per week): 6

Total Credits: 3

Credits LTP: 003

Max. Marks: 100

(Practical Marks: 75+ Internal Assessment: 25)

Time: 3 Hrs.

Instructions for paper setter and students:

I. The distribution of marks is as follows: **Max. Marks: 75+25 (Internal Assessment)**

i) One experiment **30 Marks**

ii) Brief Theory **15 Marks**

iii) Viva–Voce **15 Marks**

iv) Record (Practical file) **15 Marks**

II. There will be one sessions of 3 hours duration. The paper will have one session and will consist of 8 experiments out of which an examinee will mark 6 experiments and one of these is to be allotted by the external examiner.

III. Number of candidates in a group for practical examination should not exceed 12.

IV. In a single group no experiment be allotted to more than three examinee in any group.

Course Objectives: The objective of this course is to experimentally study some of the fundamental concepts in condensed matter physics like free electron theory of metals, semiconductor transport, crystal structure determination, magnetism and electron spin resonance. The students are expected to study lab manuals in advance and perform the experiments on their own with minimal help from instructors.

Course Contents:

List of Experiments:

1. To determine Hall coefficient by Hall Effect.
2. To determine the band gap of a p-n junction diode.
3. To determine the magnetic susceptibility of a material using Quincke's method.
4. To determine the energy gap and resistivity of the semiconductor using four probe method.
5. To trace hysteresis loop and calculate retentivity, coercivity and saturation magnetization.
6. To determine the lattice dynamics and dispersion relation for the monatomic and diatomic lattices.
7. To determine Curie temperature of ferrites.
8. To determine the energy loss in the ferrites at room temperature.
9. To study the series and parallel characteristics of a photovoltaic cell.
10. To study the spectral characteristics of a photovoltaic cell.

Books Prescribed:

1. An Introduction to Solid State Physics: C. Kittel-Wiley Estem Ltd., New Delhi, 1979.
2. Solid State Physics-A.J. Dekkar-Maemillan India Ltd., New Delhi, 2504.

3. Principles of Solid State Physics-R.A. Levy-New York Academy, 1968.
4. Practical Physics, Vol III, T.S. Bhatia, G.Kaur and I. Singh, Vishal Publishing House, Jalandhar
5. Advanced Practical Physics by S.P.Singh, Pragati Prakashan, Meerut – 250001 (India).

Course Outcomes:

| Sr. No. | On completing the course, the students will be able to: |
|---------|---|
| CO1 | Determine Hall coefficient by Hall Effect. |
| CO2 | Understand the dielectric constant of liquids. |
| CO3 | Study the spectral characteristics of a photovoltaic cell. |
| CO4 | Calculate the band gap of a semiconductor using p-n junction diode. |
| CO5 | Find out the magnetic susceptibility of a material using Quink's method |

M.Sc. Physics (Under the Honours Scheme) Semester-II
MHP-426
SPECTROSCOPY LAB

Teaching Hours (per week): 6

Total Credits: 3

Credits LTP: 003

Max. Marks: 100

(Practical Marks: 75+ Internal Assessment: 25)

Time: 3 Hrs.

Instructions for paper setter and students:

I. The distribution of marks is as follows: **Max. Marks: 75+25 (Internal Assessment)**

i) One experiment **30 Marks**

ii) Brief Theory **15 Marks**

iii) Viva–Voce **15 Marks**

iv) Record (Practical file) **15 Marks**

II. There will be one sessions of 3 hours duration. The paper will have one session and will consist of 8 experiments out of which an examinee will mark 6 experiments and one of these is to be allotted by the external examiner.

III. Number of candidates in a group for practical examination should not exceed 12.

IV. In a single group no experiment be allotted to more than three examinee in any group.

Course Objectives: The purpose of the course is to introduce students to methods of Spectroscopy analysis and to develop required skills to study spectra of Atoms and Molecules. Lab work will help the students to work with Michelson and Febry-Perot interferometer to determine Wavelength of source. It includes how a deviation spectrometer helps to find unknown wavelengths of light, wavelength determination of the source with the help of diffraction experiment using laser, experimental confirmation of Bohr energy levels and how Zeeman pattern appear when source is placed in external magnetic field.

Course Contents:

List of Experiments:

1. To find the wavelength of monochromatic light using Febry Perot interferometer.
2. To find the wavelength of sodium light using Michelson interferometer.
3. To calibrate the constant deviation spectrometer with white light and to find the wavelength of unknown monochromatic light.
4. To find the grating element of the given grating using He-Ne laser light.
5. To find the wavelength of He-Ne laser using Vernier calipers.
6. To verify the existence of Bohr's energy levels with Frank-Hertz experiment.
7. To determine the charge to mass ratio (e/m) of an electron with normal Zeeman Effect.
8. To determine the g factor using ESR spectrometer.
9. To find the refractive index of given liquid samples using Abbe refractometer

| Sr. No. | On completing the course, the students will be able to: |
|---------|--|
| CO1 | Get basic information about confirmation of existence of Bohr energy levels atom by Frank Hertz Experiment |
| CO2 | Understand how a deviation spectrometer helps to find unknown wavelengths of light using Constant deviation spectrometer |
| CO3 | Explain the wavelength determination with the help of Michelson and Febry-Perot interferometer. |
| CO4 | Understand how Zeeman pattern appear when source is placed in external magnetic field. |
| CO5 | Get an idea about wavelength determination of the source with the help of diffraction experiment. |

M.Sc. Physics (Under the Honours Scheme) Semester-II
MHP-427
RESEARCH METHODOLOGY-II

Teaching Hours (per week): 2

Total Credits: 2

Credits LTP: 200

Total Hours: 30

Max. Marks: 50

(Theory Marks: 37+ Internal Assessment: 13)

Time: 3 Hrs.

Instructions for paper setter and students:

1. There will be five sections.
2. Section A is compulsory and will be of 9 marks consisting of 8 short answer type questions carrying 1.5 mark each covering the whole syllabus. The answer should not exceed 50 words. The candidate will have to attempt any six questions in this section.
3. Sections B, C, D and E will be set from units I, II, III & IV respectively and will consist of two questions of 7 marks each from the respective unit. The candidates are required to attempt one question from each of these sections. Each question in these sections should not have more than two subparts.
4. Non-Programmable Scientific calculator is allowed.

Course Objectives: The objective of this course is to impart knowledge about the error analysis error propagation, the use of elementary statistics and curve fitting to improve research quality.

Course Contents:

Unit-I

Error as uncertainties, importance of knowing uncertainty, estimation of uncertainty, significant figures, discrepancy, fractional uncertainties, propagation of uncertainties. **Hours 7.5**

Unit-II

Statistical analysis of random uncertainties, random and systematic errors, mean and standard deviation, normal distribution. **Hours 7.5**

Unit-III

Least square fitting, covariance and correlation, the binomial distribution, the Poisson distribution, the Chi squared test for a distribution. **Hours 7.5**

Unit-IV

Basics of using latex, latex input files, input file structures, layout of the document, titles, chapter and sections, cross references, foot note, environments, typesetting, building blocks of a mathematical formula, matrices, tables, including encapsulated postscript graphics, bibliography, downloading and installing LATEX packages. **Hours 7.5**

References:

- 1) Research methodology (<http://www.newagepublishers.com/samplechapter/000896.pdf>)
- 2) The not so short introduction to LATEX by Tobias Oetiker, Hubert Partl, Hrene Hyna and Elisabeth Schlegl, Version 4.16, May 08, 2005 (<http://tobi.oetiker.ch/lshort/lshort.pdf>)
- 3) An introduction to error analysis John R. Taylor, University Science books California 1982
- 4) Data reduction and error analysis for physical sciences by Philip R. Bevington and D. Keith Robinson

Course Outcomes:

| Sr. No. | On completing the course, the students will be able to: |
|----------------|---|
| CO1 | have information about the type and estimation of uncertainties |
| CO2 | Learn the way to do statistical analysis in data |
| CO3 | Learn the various methods of curve fitting |
| CO4 | Learn the way to create a document in Latex |

M.Sc. Physics (Under the Honours Scheme) Semester-III
MHP-531
QUANTUM MECHANICS-II

Teaching Hours (per week): 4

Total Credits: 4

Credits LTP: 310

Total Hours: 60

Max. Marks: 100

(Theory Marks: 75+ Internal Assessment: 25)

Time: 3 Hrs.

Instructions for paper setter and students:

1. There will be five sections.
2. Section A carries 15 marks and is compulsory consisting of eight short answer type questions of 2.5 marks each covering the whole syllabus. The candidate will have to attempt six questions in section A.
3. Sections B, C, D and E will be set from units I, II, III & IV respectively and will consist of two questions of 15 marks each from the respective unit. The candidates are required to attempt one question from each of these sections.
4. Scientific calculator is allowed.

Course Objectives: Objectives of this course are to understand the concepts of advance quantum mechanics like perturbation theory, scattering theory, relativistic quantum mechanics, quantum theory of identical particles etc. To realize various phenomenon in terms of quantum mechanics and to apply different quantum formulations and concept to understand various phenomenon in nature. To understand the use of scattering theory for various kind of problems. To understand the importance of relativistic quantum mechanics. To develop numerical ability for quantum theory.

Course Contents:

UNIT-I

Perturbation Theory: Time independent perturbation theory for non-degenerate systems; Perturbed harmonic oscillator; Normal helium atom; Stark effect of the plane rotator; first order time independent perturbation theory for degenerate systems; first order stark effect in hydrogen; Time dependent perturbation theory; Transition to the continuum (Fermi Golden rule); Harmonic perturbation; Variation (Rayleigh-Ritz) method and its applications to calculate the ground state energy of the hydrogen atom and normal state of the helium atom.

Hours 15

UNIT-II

Scattering Theory: Scattering cross section; Quantum mechanical description; Scattering by spherically symmetric potentials: partial wave analysis; Optical theorem; Scattering by a perfectly rigid sphere; Scattering by an attractive square potential well, Ramsauer effect, application to neutron proton scattering; Born approximation, Condition for the validity of Born approximation; Scattering by a square well potential, validity of Born's approximation for a square well potential; Scattering by a screened coulomb potential.

Hours 15

UNIT-III

Relativistic Quantum Mechanics: Schrodinger relativistic equation-Klein Gordon equation for a free particle; Probability and current densities; Klein Gordon equation in presence of electromagnetic field; Dirac relativistic equation for a free electron; alpha, beta & gamma matrices and their properties; free particle solution of Dirac's equation; Probability and current densities in Dirac's formulation; Dirac's equation in a central field (electron spin); spin orbit energy; Covariance of Dirac's equation.

Hours 15

UNIT-IV

Identical particles in quantum mechanics; Distinguishability and indistinguishability of identical particles; Exchange symmetry of wave function: symmetric & anti-symmetric wave functions and their construction; Statistics of identical particles; Pauli exchange principle; Pauli spin operators; Further Pauli operators; Commutation relations; Systems of two-electrons.

Hours 15

Books Prescribed:

1. Modern Quantum Mechanics: J.J. Sakurai-Pearson Education Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2502.
2. Quantum Mechanics: L I Schiff-Tokyo McGraw Hill, 1968.
3. Feynmann Lectures in Physics Vol. III-Addison Wesley, 1975.
4. Quantum Mechanics: Powell and Craseman-Narosa Pub. New Delhi, 1961.
5. Quantum Mechanics: Merzbacher-John Wiley & Sons, New York, 1970.
6. Quantum Mechanics : Gupta Kumar Sharma- Jai Prakash Nath Publications Meerut

Course Outcomes:

| Sr. No. | On completing the course, the students will be able to: |
|---------|--|
| CO1 | understand the concepts of advance quantum mechanics like perturbation theory, scattering theory, relativistic quantum mechanics, quantum theory of identical particles etc. |
| CO2 | Realize various phenomenon in terms of quantum mechanics and develop ability to apply different quantum formulations and concept to understand various phenomenon in nature. |
| CO3 | Understand WKB method, bound states of potential wells and use of scattering theory for various kind of problems. |
| CO4 | Understand the importance of relativistic quantum mechanics. |
| CO5 | Develop numerical ability for quantum theory. |

M.Sc. Physics (Under the Honours Scheme) Semester-III
MHP-532
ELECTRODYNAMICS – II

week): 4

Time: 3 Hrs.

Teaching Hours (per

Total Credits: 4

Credits LTP: 310

Total Hours: 60

Max. Marks: 100

(Theory Marks: 75+ Internal Assessment: 25)

Instructions for paper setter and students:

1. There will be five sections.
2. Section A carries 15 marks and is compulsory consisting of eight short answer type questions of 2.5 marks each covering the whole syllabus. The candidate will have to attempt six questions in section A.
3. Sections B, C, D and E will be set from units I, II, III & IV respectively and will consist of two questions of 15 marks each from the respective unit. The candidates are required to attempt one question from each of these sections.
4. Scientific calculator is allowed.

Course Objectives: One of the objectives of this course is to introduce students with the formulation of four vectors. They are to be introduced by the Lorentz transformations and the invariance of various quantities in four dimensions. Main aim is to feed student's mind by fields and radiations from various types of dipoles and localized sources. They will be taught to calculate power radiated in each case. The students will be able to calculate the velocity dependent potentials, their fields and power radiated by a charged particle moving with arbitrary velocity. Students will be introduced by the characteristics of waveguides and resonant cavities and how waves propagate through it. The objective is to introduce them about wave guides and their applications.

Course Contents:

UNIT-I

Wave guides, field equations in rectangular waveguides, TM and TE modes, propagation characteristics of TM and TE modes in rectangular wave guides, dominant modes, TEM modes, wave impedance in rectangular wave guides, Attenuation and quality factor in rectangular waveguides, cavity resonator, field equations for rectangular cavity resonator, TM and TE modes in rectangular cavity, attenuation and quality factor in rectangular cavity. Circuit representation of parallel plane transmission lines, velocity of wave propagation, parallel plane transmission line with losses, transmission line equations, RH and UHF transmission lines, Standing wave ratio.

Hours 15

UNIT-II

Relativistic formulation of electrodynamics: Special theory of relativity, simultaneity, Lorentz's transformations in tensor notation. Structure of space-time, four scalars, four vectors and tensors, four velocity, four acceleration, Relativistic equation of motion: Minkowski force, relativistic electrodynamics, four current density, four potential, electromagnetic field tensor and field transformations, field invariants, Recasting Maxwell equations in the language of special relativity, covariance, Lagrangian formulation for the covariant Maxwell equations.

Hours 15

UNIT-III

Radiation Systems: Retarded potentials, Fields produced by a system of harmonically oscillating source: Long wavelength approximation, electric dipole fields and radiation, and electric quadrupole fields, central fed antenna, brief introduction to radiation damping and radiation reaction.

Hours 15

UNIT-IV

Fields of moving charges: Lienard Wiechert potential, field of a moving charge. Radiated power from an accelerated charge at low velocities: Larmor's power formula and its relativistic generalization, radiations from an ultra relativistic particle, Angular distribution of radiation emitted by an accelerated charge.

Hours 15

Books Prescribed:

1. Classical Electrodynamics: J.D. Jackson-Wiley, 1967
2. Electricity and Magnetism: D.J. Griffiths-Prentice hall, 1996
3. Classical Electromagnetic Radiation: J.B. Marian-Academic Press, 1965
4. Fundamentals of electromagnetics M.A. Wazid Miah Tata Mc Graw Hill 1986

Course Outcomes:

| Sr. No. | On completing the course, the students will be able to: |
|----------------|--|
| CO1 | Derive expression of various fields, energy flow and attenuation in wave guides and resonant cavities. |
| CO2 | Understand formulation of electrodynamics using four tensors. |
| CO3 | Derive various electric and magnetic fields from localized oscillating sources. |
| CO4 | Derive velocity dependent potentials and the power loss using Larmor power formula. |
| CO5 | Understand terms related to radiation reaction, radiation damping and angular distribution of radiation. |

M.Sc. Physics (Under the Honours Scheme) Semester-III
MHP-533
CONDENSED MATTER PHYSICS-II

Teaching Hours (per week): 4

Total Credits: 4

Credits LTP: 310

Total Hours: 60

Max. Marks: 100

(Theory Marks: 75+ Internal Assessment: 25)

Time: 3 Hrs.

Instructions for paper setter and students:

1. There will be five sections.
2. Section A carries 15 marks and is compulsory consisting of eight short answer type questions of 2.5 marks each covering the whole syllabus. The candidate will have to attempt six questions in section A.
3. Sections B, C, D and E will be set from units I, II, III & IV respectively and will consist of two questions of 15 marks each from the respective unit. The candidates are required to attempt one question from each of these sections.
4. Scientific calculator is allowed.

Course Objectives: This course enables the students to understand about the basics of semiconductors, conductivity of metals, luminescence materials and dielectrics materials.

Course Contents:

UNIT-I

Bonding in Solids and Elastic Constants:

Types of Bonding, Ionic or Electrovalent Bonding, Covalent Bonding, Metallic Bonding, Vander Waal's bonding, Hydrogen Bonding, Cohesive energy, Madelung Constant. Elastic strain and stress components, Analysis of elastic stress and strain, Elastic compliance and stiffness constants, Elastic energy density, Elastic constants of cubic crystals, Elastic waves in cubic crystals.

Hours 15

UNIT-II

Physics of Semiconductors:

Semiconductors, Chemical bonds in semiconductors, Mechanism of current flow, Forbidden, valence and conduction bands, Band structure of silicon and germanium, Mobility, drift velocity and conductivity of intrinsic semiconductors, Carrier concentration in intrinsic semiconductors, Impurity semiconductors, Carrier concentration in p and n type semiconductors, Conductivity in p and n type semiconductors Thermal ionization of impurities, Impurity states, energy band diagram and Fermi level, Hall Effect, Measurement of Hall Effect, Applications of Hall Effect.

Hours 15

UNIT-III

The conductivity of Metals and Luminescence:

Electrical conductivity of metals, Drift velocity and relaxation time, The Boltzmann transport equation, The Sommerfield theory of conductivity, Mean free path in metals, Qualitative discussion of the features of the resistivity, Mathiessen's rule. Luminescence, excitation and emission, Decay mechanisms, Thallium activated alkali halides.

UNIT-IV

Dielectrics and Ferro Electrics:

Macroscopic field, The local field, Lorentz field. The Clausius-Mossotti relations, Different contribution to polarization: dipolar, electronic and ionic polarizabilities, General properties of ferroelectric materials, The dipole theory of ferroelectricity, objection against dipole theory, Thermodynamics of ferroelectric transitions.

Hours 15

Books Prescribed:

1. An Introduction to Solid State Physics: C. Kittel-Wiley, 1958
2. Condensed Matter Physics, Vol I and II, T.S. Bhatia, Rajesh Khatri, Vishal Publishing House, Jalandhar, 2018.
3. Solid State Physics: A.J. Dekker-Prentice Hall, 1965.
4. Principles of Solid State Physics: R.A. Levey-Academic Press, 1968
5. Introduction of Solid State Physics: Ashcroft-Cengage Learning, 1999.

Course Outcomes:

| Sr. No. | On completing the course, the students will be able to: |
|----------------|--|
| CO1 | Explain the concepts of lattice specific heat and elastic constants of solids. |
| CO2 | Understand about the Physics of Semiconductors materials & their different properties. |
| CO3 | Learn about the conductivity of Metals and Luminescence of materials. |
| CO4 | Understand the Dielectrics and Ferro Electrics |

M.Sc. Physics (Under the Honours Scheme) Semester-III
MHP-534
NUCLEAR PHYSICS

Teaching Hours (per week): 4

Total Credits: 4

Credits LTP: 310

Total Hours: 60

Max. Marks: 100

(Theory Marks: 75+ Internal Assessment: 25)

Time: 3 Hrs.

Instructions for paper setter and students:

1. There will be five sections.
2. Section A carries 15 marks and is compulsory consisting of eight short answer type questions of 2.5 marks each covering the whole syllabus. The candidate will have to attempt six questions in section A.
3. Sections B, C, D and E will be set from units I, II, III & IV respectively and will consist of two questions of 15 marks each from the respective unit. The candidates are required to attempt one question from each of these sections.
4. Scientific calculator is allowed.

Course Objectives: The purpose of the course is to introduce students to the concept of nuclear forces and to develop required knowledge to solve problems in quantum mechanics, spectroscopy, electrodynamics and other fields of physics. It includes nuclear two-body problem, details of nuclear models, nuclear reactions calculations of cross sections, nuclear decay theories, Fermi theory of beta decay, multipole radiations and gamma decay etc.

Course Contents:

UNIT-I

Nuclear Interactions

Nuclear Forces: Two nucleon interaction potential, Ground state of deuteron, excited state of deuteron, magnetic dipole and **electric quadrupole moment** of deuteron and tensor forces. Neutron proton scattering at low energy, Scattering length, spin dependence, coherent and incoherent scattering, Proton proton scattering at low energy, Comparison of n-p and p-p scattering, meson theory of nuclear forces, Exchanges forces e.g. Bartlett, Heisenberg, Majorans forces and potentials, Effective range theory in n-p scattering.

Hours 15

UNIT-II

Nuclear Models

Liquid drop model, Semi empirical mass formula, Bohr-Wheeler theory of fission, Experimental evidence for shell effects, Shell Model, Spin-Orbit coupling, Applications of Shell model like Angular momenta and parities of nuclear ground states, Quantitative discussion and estimates of transition rates magnetic moments and Schmidt lines, Collective model, Nuclear vibrations spectra and rotational spectra, applications, Nilsson model.

Hours 15

UNIT-III

Nuclear Decay

Basic parameters of nuclear decay, Beta decay, Fermi theory of beta decay, shape of the beta spectrum, Total decay rate, Angular momentum and parity selection rules, Comparative half-lives, Allowed and forbidden transitions selection rules, parity violation, Detection and properties of neutrino, Gamma

decay, Multipole transitions in nuclei, Angular momentum and parity selection rules, Internal conversion, Nuclear isomerism. **Angular correlation of gamma rays.**

Hours 15

UNIT-IV

Nuclear Reactions

Types of nuclear reactions, Nuclear reaction kinematics and Q value. Direct and compound nuclear reaction mechanisms, Resonance reactions, Heavy ion reactions, Cross sections in terms of partial wave amplitudes, Compound nucleus, scattering matrix, Reciprocity theorem, Breit Wigner one level formula, Resonance scattering.

Hours 15

Books Prescribed:

1. A. Bohr and B.R. Mottelson: Nuclear Structure, Vol.1(1969) and Vol.2 Benjamin, Reading, A.1975.
2. Kenneth S. Krane: Introductory Nuclear Physics, Wiley, New York, 1988
3. G.N. Ghoshal: Atomic and Nuclear Physics Vol.2, S. Chand and Co., 1997
4. P. H. Perkins, introduction to High Energy Physics, Addison-Wiley, London, 1982.
5. Introduction to Elementary particle physics by D. Griffiths.
6. Fundamentals of Nuclear Physics by Jahan Singh

Course Outcomes:

| Sr. No. | On completing the course, the students will be able to: |
|----------------|---|
| CO1 | Understand the concept of Nuclear two body problem by considering a deuteron, basic concepts underlying nuclear forces and exchange nature of nuclear forces. |
| CO2 | Easily understand the concept underlying liquid drop model, shell model, collective model, Nilsson model and Bohr- Wheeler theory of nuclear fission. |
| CO3 | Study nuclear decays and detailed understanding of Fermi theory of beta decay, gamma decay, multipole radiations and selection rules. |
| CO4 | Let the student know about Nuclear reaction cross section, types of reactions, Q value and conservation laws governing nuclear reactions. |
| CO5 | Easily understand direct and compound nuclear reactions, partial wave analysis of nuclear reaction cross section and Breit- wigner one level dispersion. |

M.Sc. Physics (Under the Honours Scheme) Semester-III
MHP-535
CONDENSED MATTER PHYSICS LAB-II

Teaching Hours (per week): 6

Total Credits: 3

Credits LTP:003

Max. Marks:100

Time: 3 Hrs.

(Practical Marks: 75+ Internal Assessment: 25)
)

Instructions for paper setter and students:

I. The distribution of marks is as follows: **Max. Marks: 75+25 (Internal Assessment)**

i) One experiment **30 Marks**

ii) Brief Theory **15 Marks**

iii) Viva–Voce **15 Marks**

iv) Record (Practical file) **15 Marks**

II. There will be one sessions of 3 hours duration. The paper will have one session and will consist of 8 experiments out of which an examinee will mark 6 experiments and one of these is to be allotted by the external examiner.

III. Number of candidates in a group for practical examination should not exceed 12.

IV. In a single group no experiment be allotted to more than three examinee in any group.

Course Objectives: The objective of this course is to experimentally study some of the fundamental concepts in condensed matter physics like Stefan and Boltzmann laws, curie temperature, BH Curve, nanotechnology and magnetism. The students are expected to study lab manuals in advance and perform the experiments on their own with minimal help from instructors.

Course Contents:

List of Experiments:

1. To determine the energy loss in transformer and ferrite cores using B-H curve.
2. To determine Stefan's constant using Boltzmann's Law.
3. To determine temperature coefficient of junction voltage and energy band gap in a p-n junction diode.
4. To measure magnetoresistance of a semiconducting specimen.
5. To study the depletion capacitance and its variation with reverse bias in a p-n junction.
6. To determine the g-factor using ESR spectrometer.
7. To determine dielectric constant.
8. Experiments with Microwaves set up. Experiments on Nanotechnology.

9. Study of Thermoluminescence of f-centres in Alkali Halide Crystals.
10. Study of optical Band gap using UV-Visible spectrophotometer.
11. Study of optical Band gap using UV-Visible spectrophotometer.

Books Prescribed:

1. An Introduction to Solid State Physics: C. Kittel-Wiely Estem Ltd., New Delhi, 1979.
2. Solid State Physics-A.J. Dekkar-Maemillan India Ltd., New Delhi, 2504.
3. Principles of Solid State Physics-R.A. Levy-New York Academy, 1968.
4. Practical Physics, Vol III, T.S. Bhatia, G.Kaur and I. Singh, Vishal Publishing House, Jalandhar
5. Advanced Practical Physics by S.P.Singh, Pragati Prakashan, Meerut – 250001 (India).

Course Outcomes:

| Sr. No. | On completing the course, the students will be able to: |
|---------|---|
| CO1 | Learn and determine Stefan's constant using Boltzmann's Law. |
| CO2 | Determine the energy loss in transformer and ferrite cores using B-H curve. |
| CO3 | Study the Curie temperature of ferrites. |
| CO4 | Determine the energy loss in transformer and ferrite cores using B-H curve. |
| CO5 | Study the depletion capacitance and its variation with reverse bias in a p-n junction |

M.Sc. Physics (Under the Honours Scheme) Semester-III
MHP-536
NUCLEAR PHYSICS LAB

Teaching Hours (per week): 6

Total Credits: 3

Credits LTP:003

Max. Marks:100

Time: 3 Hrs.

(Practical Marks: 75+ Internal Assessment: 25)

Instructions for paper setter and students:

I. The distribution of marks is as follows: **Max. Marks: 75+25 (Internal Assessment)**

i) One experiment **30 Marks**

ii) Brief Theory **15 Marks**

iii) Viva–Voce **15 Marks**

iv) Record (Practical file) **15 Marks**

II. There will be one sessions of 3 hours duration. The paper will have one session and will consist of 8 experiments out of which an examinee will mark 6 experiments and one of these is to be allotted by the external examiner.

III. Number of candidates in a group for practical examination should not exceed 12.

IV. In a single group no experiment be allotted to more than three examinee in any group.

Course Objectives: The purpose of the course is to introduce students to the radiation detectors and to develop required skills use Geiger Muller counter to study different parameters including operating voltage of GM tube, dead time, absorption of radiations in matter, source strength, statistics of radioactive measurements, Poisson and Gaussian distribution. Lab work will help the students to work with scintillation counter calibrate it, draw cesium spectrum to find energy of unknown source.

Course Contents:

List of Experiments:

1. Pulse-Height Analysis of Gamma Ray Spectra.
2. Calibration of Scintillation Spectrometer.
3. Least square fitting of a straight line.
4. Verification of inverse square law
5. Determination of beta decay energy.
6. To study the characteristics of a G.M. Counter.
7. To determine the Dead time of a G.M. Counter.
8. Absorptions of Beta Particles in Matter.
9. Source strength of a Beta Source.
10. Window thickness of a G.M. Tube.
11. To investigate the statistics of radioactive measurements.

12. Study of Poisson Distribution.
13. Study of Gaussian Distribution.
14. Range of beta particles

Books Prescribed:

1. Experiments in Nuclear Physics (Lab Manual): Kulwant Singh Thind, Leif Gerward, H.S Sahota, Publication Bureau, Guru Nanak Dev University Amritsar, 2012

Course Outcomes:

| Sr. No. | On completing the course, the students will be able to: |
|----------------|--|
| CO1 | Learn how a Geiger Muller counter works and how to find its operating voltage. |
| CO2 | Learn about experimental confirmation of statistical fluctuation of radioactive decay while doing experiment with Geiger Muller counter. |
| CO3 | Understand the concept of dead time, source strength and window thickness determination with the help of Geiger Muller counter. |
| CO4 | Understand the concept of Scintillation counter and how does it works to find energy of unknown source. |
| CO5 | Understand the concept of absorption of radiation in matter with the help of Geiger Muller counter. |

M.Sc. Physics (Under the Honours Scheme) Semester-III

MHP-537

Matlab & Latex LAB

Teaching Hours (per week): 4

Total Credits: 2

Credits LTP: 002

Max. Marks: 50

(Practical Marks: 37+ Internal Assessment: 13)

Time: 3 Hrs.

Instructions for paper setter and students:

I. The distribution of marks is as follows:

i) One experiment **15 Marks**

ii) Brief Theory **05 Marks**

iii) Viva–Voce **10 Marks**

iv) Record (Practical file) **07 Marks**

II. There will be one sessions of 3 hours duration. The paper will have one session and will consist of 8 experiments out of which an examinee will mark 6 experiments and one of these is to be allotted by the external examiner.

III. Number of candidates in a group for practical examination should not exceed 12.

IV. In a single group no experiment be allotted to more than three examinee in any group.

Course Objectives: The objective of this course is to introduce: Matlab & LaTeX, a high-quality open-source typesetting software that produces professional prints and PDF files for research articles and books in all subjects, and languages.

Practical Exercises: Getting started with free open-source software LaTeX for typesetting documents from chapter 1 of the text book [1]: LaTeX Beginner's Guide (2nd ed.) by Stefan Kotwitz for installing and using LaTeX. Learners are required to:

1. MATLAB basics to compute equations & plotting graphs.
2. Design a LaTeX document by choosing title, author, date, address, page dimensions, margins, adjust line spacing, add footnotes, and orientation.
3. Create a document with bulleted lists, numbered lists, and definition lists. Furthermore, modify the document with compact and customized versions of such lists, including spacing adjustments and interrupting and resuming.
4. Create tables, adding captions to tables, putting text into columns, spanning columns and rows, using LaTeX packages to auto-fit columns.
5. Generate a document by customizing the table of contents, lists of figures and tables, producing an index pointing to relevant information for keywords and phrases.
6. Typesetting fine-tune math expressions, align and number equations, and use various math symbols from the amsmath package in LaTeX.

7. Generate a list of five books related to your field of interest under an automatically generated title ‘Bibliography’, using thebibliography command in LaTeX. Illustrate how these references are cited in the body of a document.
8. Create a LaTeX file to manage large documents consisting of several LaTeX files by splitting the input, including front and back mater and a separate title page.

Books Prescribed:

1. [Kottwitz](#), Stefan (2021). LaTeX Beginner’s Guide (2nd ed.). Packet Publishing Ltd.
2. Nambudiripad, K.B.M. (2014). LaTeX for Beginners. Narosa Publishing House, Delhi.
3. Lammport, Leslie (1994). LaTeX: A Document Preparation System, User’s Guide and Reference Manual (2nd ed.). Pearson Education. Indian Reprint.

Course Outcomes:

| Sr. No. | On completing the course, the students will be able to: |
|----------------|---|
| CO1 | Prepare a Matlab & LaTeX document with title page including contents, references, and index |
| CO2 | Learn to put one thing above another, Spacing and changing style in math mode. |
| CO3 | Understand the method to write Subscript/ Superscript, Fractions, Roots etc. |
| CO4 | Understand the method to incorporate Pictures and graphics in LaTeX. |
| CO5 | Understand the basic math formulas and equations in these software’s. |

M.Sc. Physics (Under the Honours Scheme) Semester-IV
MHP-541
PARTICLE PHYSICS

Teaching Hours (per week): 4

Total Credits: 4

Credits LTP: 310

Total Hours: 60

Max. Marks: 100

Time: 3 Hrs.

(Theory Marks: 75+ Internal Assessment: 25)

Instructions for paper setter and students:

- 1. There will be five sections.**
- 2. Section A carries 15 marks and is compulsory consisting of eight short answer type questions of 2.5 marks each covering the whole syllabus. The candidate will have to attempt six questions in section A.**
- 3. Sections B, C, D and E will be set from units I, II, III & IV respectively and will consist of two questions of 15 marks each from the respective unit. The candidates are required to attempt one question from each of these sections.**
- 4. Scientific calculator is allowed.**

Course Objectives: The main course objective of this subject to understand the fundamental particles of nature and their different inherent properties related to physics, conservation laws of quantum physics and different discrete and continuous symmetries, special theories of Weak interactions and CPT theorem, four fundamental forces of nature and their unification have understandable by latest development of grand unification theory, current development of particle physics including Goldstone theorem and Higgs mechanism including all the mediators.

UNIT-I

Elementary Particles and Their Properties: Interactions and fields in particles physics, Historical survey of elementary particles and their classification, determination of mass, life time, decay mode, spin and parity of pions, muons, kaons and hyperons. Experimental evidence for two types of neutrinos, production and detection of some important resonances and antiparticles, Daltiz plot for spin-parity of ω^0 resonance particle

Hours 15

UNIT-II

Symmetries and Conservation Laws: Conserved quantities and symmetries, the electric charge, baryon number, leptons and muon number, particles and antiparticles, hypercharge(strangeness), the nucleon isospin, isospin invariance, isospin of particles, parity operation, charge conservation, time reversal invariance, CP violation and CPT theorem, the K^0 – antiparticle of K^0 doublet unitary symmetry SU(2), SU (3) and meson nonet and baryon decuplet, quark model.and their quantum numbers, contents of mesons and baryons.

Hours 15

UNIT-III

Week Interaction: Classification of weak interactions, Fermi theory of beta decay, matrix element, classical experimental tests of Fermi theory, Inverse beta decay, Parity non conservation in beta decay, lepton polarization in beta decay, the V-A interaction, Weak decays of strange-particles and Cabibbo's theory.

Hours 15

UNIT-IV

Gauge theory and GUT: Gauge symmetry, field equations for scalar (spin 0), spinor (spin $\frac{1}{2}$), vector (spin-1) and fields, global gauge invariance, local gauge invariance, basics of Feynmann rules, introduction of neutral currents. Spontaneously broken symmetries in the field theory, standard model, particle masses and Higgs field

Hours 15

Books Prescribed:

- 1 Subatomic Physics: H. Fraunfelder and E.M. Henley- N.J. Prentice Hall
- 2 Introduction to Elementary Particles: D. Griffiths-Wiley-VCH-2508
- 3 Introduction to High Energy Physics: D.H Perkins-Cambridge University Press, 2500.

Course Outcomes:

| Sr. No. | On completing the course, the students will be able to: |
|---------|--|
| CO1 | Understand the fundamental particles of nature and their different inherent properties related to physics. |
| CO2 | Explain the concept of conservation laws of quantum physics and different discrete and continuous symmetries. |
| CO3 | Explain the special theories of Weak interactions and CPT theorem |
| CO4 | Explain the four fundamental forces of nature and their unification have understandable by latest development of grand unification theory. |
| CO5 | Know about an overview of current development of particle physics including Goldstone theorem and Higgs mechanism including all the mediators. |

M.Sc. Physics (Under the Honours Scheme) Semester-IV
MHP-542
STATISTICAL PHYSICS

Teaching Hours (per week): 4

Total Credits: 4

Credits LTP: 310

Total Hours: 60

Max. Marks: 100

Time: 3 Hrs.

(Theory Marks: 75+ Internal Assessment: 25)

Instructions for paper setter and students:

- 1. There will be five sections.**
- 2. Section A carries 15 marks and is compulsory consisting of eight short answer type questions of 2.5 marks each covering the whole syllabus. The candidate will have to attempt six questions in section A.**
- 3. Sections B, C, D and E will be set from units I, II, III & IV respectively and will consist of two questions of 15 marks each from the respective unit. The candidates are required to attempt one question from each of these sections.**
- 4. Scientific calculator is allowed.**

Course Objectives: Its main purpose is to clarify the properties of matter in aggregate, in terms of physical laws governing atomic motion. Statistical physics develops the phenomenological results of thermodynamics from the probabilistic examination of the underlying microscopic systems.

Course Contents:

UNIT-I

Classical Stat. Mech. I: Foundation of statistical mechanics; specification of states in a system, contact between statistics and thermodynamics, the classical ideal state, the entropy of mixing and Gibbs paradox, **the correct enumeration of the microstate, concept of ensemble**, The phase space of classical systems, Liouville's theorem and its consequences.

Hours 15

UNIT-II

Classical Stat. Mech. II: The microcanonical ensemble, classical ideal gas, one dimensional simple harmonic oscillator, the canonical ensemble, equilibrium between a system and a heat reservoir, A system in a canonical ensemble by methods of most probable values, the canonical ensemble and its thermodynamics, partition function, classical ideal gas in canonical ensemble theory, energy fluctuations in the canonical ensemble & correspondence with the microcanonical ensemble, equipartition theorem, A system of harmonic oscillators, the statistics of paramagnetism, the grand canonical ensemble, equilibrium between system and a particle energy reservoir, a system in a grand canonical ensemble, the physical significance of the statistical quantities, classical ideal gas for non localized and localized particles, solid –vapor equilibrium, fluctuation of energy and density, cluster expansion of classical gas, the virial equation of state.

Hours 15

UNIT-III

Quantum Stat. Mech.I : Quantum states and phase space, the density matrix, Liouville's theorem in quantum statistical mechanics, condition for statistical equilibrium, statistics of various ensembles. Example of electrons in a magnetic field, a free particle in a box and a linear harmonic oscillator. System composed of indistinguishable particles

Hours 15

UNIT-IV

Quantum Stat. Mech. II : An ideal gas in quantum mechanical microcanonical ensemble. Statistics of occupation numbers, concepts and thermodynamical behaviour of an ideal gas, Bose Einstein condensation, Discussion of a gas of photons and phonons, Thermodynamical behaviour of an ideal fermi gas, electron gas in metals, Pauli paramagnetism, statistical equilibrium of white dwarf stars.

Hours 15

Books Prescribed:

1. Statistical Mechanics: R.K. Patharia-ButtenWorth Heinemann, 1996
2. Statistical and Termal Physics: F. Reif-Mc-Graw Hill, 1965
3. Statistical Mechanics: Kerson Huang-Wiley, 1963.

Course Outcomes:

| Sr. No. | On completing the course, the students will be able to: |
|---------|--|
| CO1 | Define and discuss the concepts of statistical physics, microstate and macro state of a system, apply the principles of statistical mechanics to classical ideal gas and phase space. |
| CO2 | Define and discuss the concepts and roles of entropy and free energy from the view point of statistical mechanics. |
| CO3 | Understand the concept of ensemble and statistics of various ensembles. Will also study different examples in a micro canonical, canonical and grand canonical ensemble. |
| CO4 | Understand the fundamental difference between classical and quantum statistical mechanics. They can also easily understand the various ensemble & examples in quantum mechanics. |
| CO5 | Understand the concepts and thermodynamics of ideal fermi gas, Bose Einstein condensation, photon, phonon, electron gas in metals, Pauli's paramagnetism and statistical equilibrium of white dwarf. |

M.Sc. Physics (Under the Honours Scheme) Semester-IV

MHP-543

Dissertation

Teaching Hours (per week): 8 per student

Total Credits: 4

Credits LTP: 004

Total Hours: 60

Max. Marks: 50

Time: 3 Hrs.

(Dissertation Marks: 37+ Internal Assessment: 13)

| | |
|--------------------------|---|
| Course Objectives | The main objective of this course is to understand the research methodology and help the students in their future research career, to provide sufficient hands-on learning experience related to the area of specialization with a focus on research orientation. |
| Sr. No. | On completing the course, the students will be able to: |
| CO1 | Complete a Guided Research Dissertation. |
| CO2 | Learn Conceptual understanding and scientific reasoning skills like applying scientific reasoning skills. |
| CO3 | Develop rigorous quantitative understanding of core physical theories. |
| CO4 | Give formal and informal scientific presentations to various audiences, including peers. |
| CO5 | Communicate clearly and concisely in writing. |

Note: *The topic of dissertation will be allotted to the student in the start of 3rd semester. The student will have to prepare a dissertation and will be evaluated by the external & internal examiners.

M.Sc. Physics (Under the Honours Scheme) Semester-IV
MHP-544
PHYSICS OF MATERIALS

Teaching Hours (per week): 4

Total Credits: 4

Credits LTP: 310

Total Hours: 60

Max. Marks: 100

Time: 3 Hrs.

(Theory Marks: 75+ Internal Assessment: 25)

Instructions for paper setter and students:

1. There will be five sections.
2. Section A carries 15 marks and is compulsory consisting of eight short answer type questions of 2.5 marks each covering the whole syllabus. The candidate will have to attempt six questions in section A.
3. Sections B, C, D and E will be set from units I, II, III & IV respectively and will consist of two questions of 15 marks each from the respective unit. The candidates are required to attempt one question from each of these sections.
4. Scientific calculator is allowed.

Course Objectives: The objective of this course is to impart knowledge about physics of materials including vacuum technology, thin films deposition techniques, polymers, ceramics, liquid crystals, nanophase materials and their characterization techniques.

Course Contents:

UNIT I

Vacuum Technology:

Basic ideas about vacuum, Throughput, Conductance, Vacuum pumps: rotary pump, diffusion pump, ion pump, molecular pump, cryo pump, Vacuum gauges: pirani gauge, penning gauge, ionization gauge (hot cathode ionization gauge, cold cathode ionization gauge).

15 Hours

UNIT II

Thin Film

Thin Film and growth process, Influence of nature of substrate and growth parameters (substrate temperature, thickness, deposition rate). Thin film deposition, techniques: thermal evaporation, chemical vapor deposition, spray pyrolysis, sputtering. Epitaxial growth, Thin film thickness measurement techniques: film resistance method, optical method, microbalance method.

15 Hours

UNIT III

Polymers, Ceramics, Liquid Crystals and Nanophase Materials: Characteristics, Application and Processing of polymers : Polymerization, Polymer types, Stress-Strain behaviour, melting and glass transition, thermo sets and thermo plastics. Characteristics, Application and Processing of

Ceramics, glasses and refractories, Liquid Crystals: classification and applications, Nano phase materials: synthesis and applications. **15 Hours**

UNIT IV

Characterization of Materials

Powder and single crystal X-ray diffraction, Transmission electron microscopy, Scanning electron microscopy, Low Energy Electron Diffraction (LEED), Auger electron microscopy, Atomic force microscopy. **15 Hours**

Books Prescribed:

1. Vacuum Technology: A. Roth-North Holland Pub. Co., 1976
2. Thin Film Phenomenon: K.L. Chopra-R E Kriegen Pub. Co., 1979.
3. High Temperature Superconductors: E.S.R. Gopal& SV. Subhramanyam-Wiley, 1989
4. Material ScienceandEngg: W.D. Callister-.Wiley, 1994
5. Nanostructured Materials: J.C. Ying-Wiley-. Academic Press, 2501
6. Methods of Surface Analysis: J.M. Walls- CUP Archive, 1990.
7. Introduction to Nanotechnology - Charles P.Pooler, Frank J. Owens- IEEE, 2503

Course Outcomes:

| Sr. No. | On completing the course, the students will be able to: |
|---------|---|
| CO1 | Students will be able to have knowledge about the vacuum techniques, vacuum pumps and pressure gauges. |
| CO2 | Students will be able to learn the thin film deposition techniques and their thickness measurement methods. |
| CO3 | Identify the characteristics of polymers, melting and glass transitions. |
| CO4 | Learn the characteristics and applications of ceramics liquid crystals etc. |
| CO5 | Learn about synthesis of nanopahse materials and various characterization tools. |

M.Sc. Physics (Under the Honours Scheme) Semester-IV
MHP-545
RADIATION PHYSICS

Teaching Hours (per week): 4

Total Credits: 4

Credits LTP: 310

Total Hours: 60

Max. Marks: 100

Time: 3 Hrs.

(Theory Marks: 75+ Internal Assessment: 25)

Instructions for paper setter and students:

1. **There will be five sections.**
2. **Section A carries 15 marks and is compulsory consisting of eight short answer type questions of 2.5 marks each covering the whole syllabus. The candidate will have to attempt six questions in section A.**
3. **Sections B, C, D and E will be set from units I, II, III & IV respectively and will consist of two questions of 15 marks each from the respective unit. The candidates are required to attempt one question from each of these sections.**
4. **Scientific calculator is allowed.**

Course Objectives: Objectives of this course are to understand radioactive decays, production and types of ionizing radiation and the interactions of ionizing radiation with matter. To understand the use of devices and protocols for the accurate measurement of ionizing radiation and calibration of clinical equipment. To understand the role of the physicist in radiation medicine and radiation protection. To understand the concept of dosimetry and various types of dosimeters. To understand the need of shielding and important shielding materials.

Course Contents:

UNIT-I

Radiations; Ionizing Radiations; Types and sources of ionizing radiation; Directly and indirectly ionizing radiations; Stochastic & Non-Stochastic Quantities; Fluence; Energy fluence; Kerma; Relation between kerma and energy fluence of photons & fluence of neutrons; Absorbed dose; Exposure, Exposure rate, Exposure unit; Roentgen; Exposure measurement - The free air chamber and air wall; Bragg Gray Principle; some Radiation units like rem, rad, Gray and Sievert; Dose equivalent commitment; committed dose equivalent; Quality factor and dose equivalent.

Hours 15

UNIT-II

Dosimeters: Passive and Active dosimeters; Pocket dosimeter; Indirectly and directly reading type pocket dosimeters; Film badge dosimeters; Thermoluminescent dosimeters; SSNTDs, Semiconductor dosimeters; Chemical detectors; Neutron detection; (Neutron detectors) Commonly used nuclear reactions for neutron detection;

Hours 15

UNIT-III

Radiation Effects and Protection: Biological effects of radiation at molecular level; Dose response characteristics; Directly and indirectly action of ionizing radiations; acute and delayed effects of radiations; Relative Biological Effectiveness (RBE); Linear energy transformation (LET); MIRD concept; Philosophy of radiation protection; ALARA and ALI concept; Basis of radiation safety regulations; maximum permissible concentration for non-occupational exposure; Maximum permissible concentration in air and water; Safe handling of radioactive materials; Mechanism of radiation effects-single hit target theory, single hit Multi target theory, Multi hit single target theory, multi hit multi target theory; Radioactive waste and its disposal.

Hours 15

UNIT-IV

Radiation Shielding: Thermal and biological shielding; shielding materials **in details**; radiation attenuation calculations-The point kernal technique, radiation attenuation from a uniform plane source; The exponential point Kernal; Radiation attenuation from a line and plane source; Practical applications of some shielding materials.

Hours 15

Books Prescribed:

1. S. Glasstone and A. Sesonke: Nuclear Reactor Engineering-Van Nostrand Reinhold,1981
2. Alison. P. Casart: Radiation Theory
3. A. Edward Profio: Radiation Biology-Radiation Bio/Prentice Hall, 1968
4. F.H. Attix: Introduction to Radiological Physics and Radiation Dosimetry-Wiley-VCH, 1986.

Course Outcomes:

| Sr. No. | On completing the course, the student will be able to: |
|----------------|---|
| CO1 | Understand radioactive decay, production and types of ionizing radiation and the interactions of ionizing radiation with matter. |
| CO2 | Understand the use of devices and protocols for the accurate measurement of ionizing radiation and calibration of clinical equipment. |
| CO3 | Understand the role of the physicist in radiation medicine and protection. |
| CO4 | Understand dosimetry and various types of dosimeters. |
| CO5 | Understand the need of shielding and important shielding materials. |

M.Sc. Physics (Under the Honours Scheme) Semester-IV
MHP-546
REACTOR PHYSICS

Teaching Hours (per week): 4

Total Credits: 4

Credits LTP: 310

Total Hours: 60

Max. Marks: 100

Time: 3 Hrs.

(Theory Marks: 75+ Internal Assessment: 25)

Instructions for paper setter and students:

- 1. There will be five sections.**
- 2. Section A carries 15 marks and is compulsory consisting of eight short answer type questions of 2.5 marks each covering the whole syllabus. The candidate will have to attempt six questions in section A.**
- 3. Sections B, C, D and E will be set from units I, II, III & IV respectively and will consist of two questions of 15 marks each from the respective unit. The candidates are required to attempt one question from each of these sections.**
- 4. Scientific calculator is allowed.**

Course Objectives: Main aim of this course is to have the knowledge of basic reactor science, critically examine reactor types to identify their advantages and disadvantages, technical status of various reactors with special reference of Indian reactors, to critically review the issues affecting the economy of nuclear power, evaluate reactor safety measurements.

Course Contents:

UNIT-I

Interaction of Neutrons with Matter in Bulk:

Thermal neutron diffusion, Transport and diffusion equations, transport mean free path, solution of diffusion equation for a point source in an infinite medium and for an infinite plane source in a finite medium, extrapolation length and diffusion length-the albedo concept.

Hours 15

UNIT-II

Moderation of Neutron:

Mechanics of elastic scattering, energy distribution of thermal neutrons, average logarithmic energy decrement, slowing down power and moderating ration of a medium. Slowing down density, slowing down time, Fast neutron diffusion and Fermi age theory, solution of agee quation for a point source of fast neutrons in an infinite medium, slowing down length and Fermi age.

Hours 15

UNIT-III

Theory of Homogeneous Bare Thermal and Heterogeneous Natural Uranium Reactors

Neutron cycle and multiplication factor, four factor formula, neutron leakage, typical calculations of critical size and composition in simple cases, The critical equation, material and geometrical bucklings, effect of reflector, Advantages and disadvantages of heterogeneous assemblies, various

types of reactors with special reference to Indian reactors and a brief discussion of their design feature. Classification of reactors: Research reactors, Production reactors, Power reactors (Basic Features).

Hours 15

UNIT-IV

Power Reactors Problems of Reactor Control

Breeding ratio, breeding gain, doubling time, Fast breeder reactors, dual purpose reactors, concept of fusion reactors, Role of delayed neutrons and reactor period, Inhour formula, excess reactivity, temperature effects, fission product poisoning, use of coolants and control rods.

Hours 15

Books Prescribed:

1. The elements of Nuclear reactor Theory: Glasstone & Edlund-Vam Nostrand, 1952.
2. Introductions of Nuclear Engineering: Murray-Prentice Hall, 1961.

Course Outcomes:

| Sr. No. | On completing the course, the students will be able to: |
|----------------|---|
| CO1 | Explain basic reactor science, critically examine reactor types to identify their advantages and disadvantages. |
| CO2 | Understand the technical status of various reactors with special reference of Indian reactors. |
| CO3 | Critically review the issues affecting the economy of nuclear power. |
| CO4 | Evaluate reactor safety measurements. |

M.Sc. Physics (Under the Honours Scheme) Semester-IV
MHP-547
PLASMA PHYSICS

Teaching Hours (per week): 4

Total Credits: 4

Credits LTP: 310

Total Hours: 60

Max. Marks: 100

Time: 3 Hrs.

(Theory Marks: 75+ Internal Assessment: 25)

Instructions for paper setter and students:

- 1. There will be five sections.**
- 2. Section A carries 15 marks and is compulsory consisting of eight short answer type questions of 2.5 marks each covering the whole syllabus. The candidate will have to attempt six questions in section A.**
- 3. Sections B, C, D and E will be set from units I, II, III & IV respectively and will consist of two questions of 15 marks each from the respective unit. The candidates are required to attempt one question from each of these sections.**
- 4. Scientific calculator is allowed.**

Course Objectives: The objective of this course is to provide the students a basic to detailed knowledge of Plasma Physics and different types of theories, mechanisms and dynamics involved in the study of plasma which will help the students to understand the advanced Plasma Physics in a better way.

Course Contents:

UNIT-I

Basics of Plasmas: Occurrence of plasma in nature, definition of plasma, concept of temperature, Debye shielding and plasma parameter. Single particle motion in uniform E and B, non uniform magnetic field, grid B and curvature drifts, invariance of magnetic moment and magnetic mirror. Simple application of plasmas.

Hours 15

UNIT-II

Plasma Waves: Plasma oscillations electron plasma waves, ion waves, electrostatic electron and ion oscillations perpendicular to magnetic field upper hybrid waves, lower hybrid waves, ion cyclotron waves. Light waves in plasma.

Hours 15

UNIT-III

Boltzmann and Vlasov Equations: The fokker plank equation, integral expression for collision term, zeroth and first order moments, the single equation relaxation model for collision term. Application kinetic theory to electron plasma waves, the physics of landau damping, elementary magnetic and inertial fusion concepts.

Hours 15

UNIT-IV

Non-linear Plasma Theories: Non-linear Electrostatic Waves, KdV Equations, Non-linear Schrodinger Equation, Solitons, Shocks, Non-linear Landau Damping.

Hours 15

Books Prescribed:

1. Introduction to Plasma Physics and Controlled Fusion: F. F. Chen-Springer, 1984
2. Plasma Physics: R. O. Dendy-Cambridge University Press, 1995.
3. Ideal Magnetohydro dynamics: J. P. Friedberg-Springer edition, 1987
4. Fundamental of Plasma Physics: S. R. Seshadri-American Elsevier Pub. Co., 1973.

Course Outcomes:

| Sr. No. | On completing the course, the students will be able to: |
|----------------|---|
| CO1 | Learn about basics of Plasmas: Occurrence of plasma in nature, definition of plasma, concept of temperature, Debye shielding and plasma parameter. |
| CO2 | Have knowledge about single particle motion in uniform E and B, non uniform magnetic field, grad B and curvature drifts, invariance of magnetic moment and magnetic mirror. Simple application of plasmas. |
| CO3 | Learn about Plasma Waves in which they study Plasma oscillations, electron plasma waves, ion waves, electrostatic electron and ion oscillations perpendicular to magnetic field upper hybrid waves, lower hybrid waves, ion cyclotron waves. |
| CO4 | Learn about different equations like Fokker Plank equation, integral expression for collision term, zeroth and first order moments, the single equation relaxation model for collision term. They also understand the application of kinetic theory to electron plasma waves, the physics of Landau damping, elementary magnetic and inertial fusion concepts and solve the related problems. |
| CO5 | Learn about Non-linear Plasma theories in which they study Non-linear Electrostatic Waves, KdV Equations, Non-linear Schrodinger Equation, Solitons, Shocks, Non-linear Landou Damping, Microscopic instabilities, Inverse Landau damping. |

M.Sc. Physics (Under the Honours Scheme) Semester-IV
MHP-548
GEOPHYSICS

Teaching Hours (per week): 4
Total Credits: 4
Credits LTP: 310
Total Hours: 60
Max. Marks: 100

Time: 3 Hrs.

(Theory Marks: 75+ Internal Assessment: 25)

Instructions for paper setter and students:

- 1. There will be five sections.**
- 2. Section A carries 15 marks and is compulsory consisting of eight short answer type questions of 2.5 marks each covering the whole syllabus. The candidate will have to attempt six questions in section A.**
- 3. Sections B, C, D and E will be set from units I, II, III & IV respectively and will consist of two questions of 15 marks each from the respective unit. The candidates are required to attempt one question from each of these sections.**
- 4. Scientific calculator is allowed.**

Course Objectives: The objective of this course is to impart knowledge about interior, seismology, geochemistry, geochronology, geodynamics, radioactivity of different rocks and other related effects, different nuclear techniques to study of earth.

Course Contents:

UNIT-I

Seismology and Interior of the Earth:

Origin of earth, shape, size, mass and density of the earth. Theory of seismic waves. The variation of P and S wave velocity, temperature, density, pressure and elastic parameters with depth. Mineralogical and chemical composition of crust, mantle and core. Formation of core. Earthquake; effects, types, mechanism, source parameter, and hazard assessment.

Hours 15

UNIT-II

Geochronology and Geodynamics:

Geological Time Scale. Radioactive dating methods; U-Pb, Th-Pb, Pb-Pb, Rb-Sr, K-Ar, and C-14. Fission Track dating. Interpretation and discordant ages, age of earth. Heat flow: thermal and mechanical structure of the continental and oceanic lithosphere. Plate tectonics theory: kinematics, dynamics and evolution of plates; types of boundaries, processes. Geodynamics of Indian plate, formation of Himalaya.

Hours 15

UNIT-III

Radioactivity of Rocks: Magnetic differentiation, Browns reaction series. Radioactivity of rocks, soil, water and air. Uranium mineralization and its occurrences in India. Radiometric survey of rocks: ground and air borne surveys. Radiometer and emanometer. Role of radiometry in geophysical prospecting, gamma logging and gamma testing.

Hours 15

UNIT-IV

Nuclear Techniques: Gamma-transmission method for determination of rock densities in Laboratory and in-situ. Gamma spectrometric analysis for U, Th and K in rock/soil. Neutron activation analysis: Equation for buildup of induced activity.

Hours 15

Books Prescribed:

1. The Solid Earth – C.M.R. Fowler
2. Interior of the earth – M.H.P. Bott
3. The Earth's age and Geochronology- D.York and R.M. Fraquhar
4. Physics of the Earth – F.D. Stacey.
5. Principles and Methods of Nuclear Geophysics- V. L. S. Bhimasankaran and N. Venkat Rao.

Course Outcomes:

| Sr. No. | On completion of the course, the students will be able to |
|---------|--|
| CO1 | Get knowledge about the origin of earth, shape, mass and density of earth. |
| CO2 | Study seismic waves, their types, pressure and elastic parameters with depth. |
| CO3 | Differentiate between geochronological and geodynamics effects of earth. |
| CO4 | Learn about the Brown reaction series, Uranium occurrence in India specially with the help of radiometers and emanometers. |
| CO5 | Learn about the gamma spectrometric analysis of decay of radioactive rocks and other induced activities. |

M.Sc. Physics (Under the Honours Scheme) Semester-IV
MHP-549
NANO TECHNOLOGY

Teaching Hours (per week): 4

Total Credits: 4

Credits LTP: 310

Total Hours: 60

Max. Marks: 100

Time: 3 Hrs.

(Theory Marks: 75+ Internal Assessment: 25)

Instructions for paper setter and students:

- 1. There will be five sections.**
- 2. Section A carries 15 marks and is compulsory consisting of eight short answer type questions of 2.5 marks each covering the whole syllabus. The candidate will have to attempt six questions in section A.**
- 3. Sections B, C, D and E will be set from units I, II, III & IV respectively and will consist of two questions of 15 marks each from the respective unit. The candidates are required to attempt one question from each of these sections.**
- 4. Scientific calculator is allowed.**

Course Objectives: The objective of this course is to impart knowledge about physics of materials including vacuum technology, thin films deposition techniques, polymers, ceramics, liquid crystals, nanophase materials and their characterization techniques.

Course Contents:

UNIT-I

Introduction and Synthesis of Nano Materials:

Introduction, Basic idea of nanotechnology, nano particles, metal Nano clusters, Semiconductor nano particles, Physical Techniques of Fabrication, inert gas condensation, Arc Discharge, RFplasma, Ball milling, Molecular Beam Epitaxy, Chemical Vapour deposition, Electrodeposition, Chemical Methods-Metal nanocrystals by reduction, Photochemical synthesis, Electrochemical synthesis, Sol-gel, micelles and micro emulsions, Cluster compounds. Lithographic Techniques-AFM based nanolithography and nano manipulation, E-beam lithography and SEM based nanolithography, X ray based lithography.

Hours 15

UNIT-II

Characterization Techniques:

X-ray diffraction, data manipulation of diffracted X-rays for structure determination, Scanning Probe microscopy, Scanning Electron microscopy, Transmission Electron Microscopy, Scanning Tunneling Microscopy, Optical microscopy, FTIR Spectroscopy, Raman Spectroscopy, DTA, TGA and DSC measurements

Hours 15

UNIT-III

Carbon Nanotubes and other Carbon based materials:

Preparation of Carbon nano tubes, CVD and other methods of preparation of CNT, Properties of CNT; Electrical, Optical, Mechanical, Vibrational properties etc. Application of CNT; Fieldemission, Fuel Cells, Display devices. Other important Carbon based materials; Preparation and Characterization

of Fullerene and other associated carbon clusters/molecules, Graphene preparation, characterization and properties, DLC and nano diamonds.

Hours 15

UNIT-IV

Nano semiconductors and Nano sensors:

Semiconductor nanoparticles-applications; optical luminescence and fluorescence from directband gap semiconductor nanoparticles, carrier injection, polymers-nanoparticles, LED and solarcells, electroluminescence. Micro and nano sensors; fundamentals of sensors, biosensor, microfluids, MEMS and NEMS, packaging and characterization of sensors.

Hours 15

Books Prescribed:

1. Solid State Physics: J.P. Srivastva-Prentice Hall, 2507.
2. Introduction to nanoscience and Nanotechnology: K.K. Chattopadhyay and A.N.Banerjee- PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd. 2509
3. Nanotechnology Fundamentals and Applications: ManasiKarkare, I.K.- InternationalPublishing House, 2508.
4. Nanomaterials: B. Viswanathan- Narosa, 2509.
5. Encyclopedia of Nanotechnology: H.S. Nalwa-American Scientific Publishers, 2504.
6. Introduction to Nanotechnology: Charles P. Poole Jr. and Franks J. Qwens,-John Wiley & Sons, 2503.
7. Nanostructures and Nanomaterials, Synthesis, Properties and Applications: Guoahong Cao- Imperial College Press, 2504.
8. Springer Handbook of Nanotechnology: Bharat Bhushan-Springer, 2504.
9. Science of Engineering Materials: C.M. Srivastva and C. Srinivasan-New AgeInternational, 2505.
10. The Principles and Practice of electron Microcopy: Ian. M. Watt-Cambridge University Press, 1997.
11. Ultrasonic Testing of Materials: J.K. Krammer and H.K. Krammer-Springer Verlag, 1996.
15. Physical Properties of Carbon Nanotube: R. Satio, G. Dresselhaus and M. S. Dresselhaus- Imperial College Press, 1998.
13. Sensors Vol. 8, Micro and Nanosensor Technology: H. Meixner and R. Jones (Editor)-John Wiley and Sons, 2500.

Course Outcomes:

| Sr. No. | On completing the course, the students will be able to: |
|----------------|---|
| CO1 | Study different methods for synthesis of nano materials which include Top down and Bottom up approaches . |
| CO2 | Learn the characterization of nano structures. Methodologies such as Electron Microscopy, Scanning Probe Microscopy, Photo luminescence spectroscopy, IR and Raman spectroscopy, X – Ray diffraction methods etc are studied. |
| CO3 | Study carbon nanotubes and other carbon based materials, their method of fabrication and applications |
| CO4 | Understand Semiconductor nanoparticles based applications in sensors memes, LED’s etc. |
| CO5 | Pursue higher education or apply the acquired knowledge in solving industrial problems. |

M.Sc. Physics (Under the Honours Scheme) Semester-IV
MHP-550
ADVANCED PRACTICAL

Teaching Hours (per week): 6

Total Credits: 3

Credits LTP: 003

Max. Marks: 75

Time: 3 Hrs.

(Practical Marks: 56+ Internal Assessment: 19)

| | |
|--------------------------|---|
| Course Objectives | Acquire the appropriate data accurately from experiments of two probe conductivity of highly resistive sample, heat capacity, thermo emf of copper constantan and chromelalumnal thermocouples, dielectric constant measurements, capacitance measurements, Boltzmann constant measurement etc. and keep systematic record of laboratory activities. Interpret findings using the correct physical scientific framework and tools. Prepare professional quality textual and graphical presentations of laboratory data and spectral results. Evaluate possible causes of discrepancy in practical experimental observations, results in comparison to theory. |
| Course Outcomes: | |
| Sr. No. | On completing the course, the students will be able to: |
| CO1 | Determine the resistivity of highly resistive sample using two probe. |
| CO2 | Calculate the Fermi energy of copper. |
| CO3 | Determine the Thomson, Pelter and Seebeck coefficient using thermocouple. |
| CO4 | Determine the permittivity of free space using parallel plate capacitor. |
| CO5 | Study the variation of dielectric constant of a given sample. |

M.Sc. PHYSICS SEMESTER-IV
MHP-551
Astrophysics and Space Science

Teaching Hours (per week): 4

Total Credits: 4

Credits LTP: 310

Total Hours: 60

Max. Marks: 100

Time: 3 Hrs.

(Theory Marks: 75+ Internal Assessment: 25)

Instructions for paper setter and students:

- 1. There will be five sections.**
- 2. Section A is compulsory and will be of 15 marks consisting of 8 short answer type questions carrying 2.5 mark each covering the whole syllabus. The answer should not exceed 50 words. The candidate will have to attempt any six questions in this section.**
- 3. Sections B, C, D and E will be set from units I, II, III & IV respectively and will consist of two questions of 15 marks each from the respective unit. The candidates are required to attempt one question from each of these sections. Each question in these sections should not have more than two subparts.**
- 4. Non-Programmable Scientific calculator is allowed.**

Course Objectives: To understand the terrestrial and astronomical distances, optical telescopes, to get the knowledge about the Sun, Stellar Evolution and different types of Stars, Earth, Planets and Interplanetary Space, Asteroids, Meteors, Comets and Galaxies, Cosmology, Detectors for optical and infrared regions, to know about International and Indian Space agencies and their programs.

Course Contents:

Unit-I

Hours 15

Measurement of terrestrial and astronomical distances, aberration and trigonometric parallax of stars, Optical telescopes, (Galileian, Newtonian, Cassegranian, James Webb, Hubble Space Telescope), UV, x-ray, IR, Radio & gravitational Astronomy, Aberration in images, methods to minimize aberrations, Common types of eyepieces, Huygen's eyepiece and Ramsden's eyepiece.

Unit II

Hours 15

Solar System, Kepler's Laws, Earth-Moon System, Solar and Lunar types, Exploration of Solar System by Telescopes, Rockets and Satellites, Detailed structure of Earth's Atmosphere, Origin of the solar system, Internal structure and surface features of sun, Sun spots and Magnetic field on the sun and Solar activity. Stellar Evolution (HR diagram): Life cycle; Stellar Processes (Nuclear) and spectral classification of Stars O, B, A, F, G, K, M.

Surface features of planets, Atmospheres and Magnetic fields of Planets and their moons.

UNIT-III

Hours 15

Asteroids: Discovery and designation, Origin, Nature and Orbits of Asteroids, Meteors: Meteor showers and sporadic meteors, Comets: Periodic comets, Brightness variation in Comets. Gas production rates, dust and ion tails, Galaxies: Individual galaxies, Origin and evolution, Active galaxies, Group of galaxies, An introduction to Cosmology: Redshift and expansion of universe, Matter density and deceleration parameter, The Cosmological Principle, Models of the Universe, Cosmic Microwave

Background radiation, future of the universe, Cosmological Nucleosynthesis, Life in Solar System, Extrasolar Planetary Systems.

UNIT-IV

Hours 15

Detectors (working principles only) for optical and infrared regions, Application of CCD's to stellar imaging, photometry and spectroscopy, Techniques of observations of astronomical sources from space in infrared. EUV, X-ray and gamma-ray regions of the electromagnetic spectrum,

Space Agencies and their Programs:

International: NASA, CNSA, ESA, JAXA, RFSa, CSA and ASI

National: ISRO

Current information on Space Research.

Books Prescribed:

1. Astrophysical Techniques - C. R. Kitchin:
2. Tools of the Astronomers - C. R. Miczaika and W. M. Sinton:
3. Astronomical Techniques- W. A. Hiltner (Ed):
4. Methods of Experimental Physics - Carleton: Vol. XIIA.
5. Physics of the Upper Atmosphere edited by J, A. Ratcliffe, Cavendish Laboratory, University of Cambridge. Academic Press New York and London (1960)
6. Research in Geophysics:Vol.1- Sun, Upper Atmosphere and space edited by Hugh Odishaw, National Academy of Sciences. Washington D.C.
7. Source book on the Space Sciences - Samuel Glasstone, Princeton, New Jersey.
8. The Upper Atmosphere - S K Mitra
9. An Introduction to Astrophysics- Baidyanath Basu.
10. Understanding Cosmic Panorama - New Age International, K. S. Krishnaswami.
11. Space Science- New Age International, K. S. Krishnaswami.
12. An Introduction to Cosmology- Jayant Vishnu Narlikar.

| Course Outcomes | On completing the course, the students will be able to: |
|-----------------|---|
| CO1 | Understand terrestrial and astronomical distances, optical telescopes and aberrations. |
| CO2 | Know about details of solar system, stars and planets. |
| CO3 | have a good knowledge of asteroids, meteors, comets and galaxies. |
| CO4 | Get a knowledge about Cosmology. |
| CO5 | Know about detectors, different International and National Space Agencies and their Programs. |